Disclosure under Basel III norms as on 31st March 2014

1: Scope of Application

The South Indian Bank Limited is a commercial bank, which was incorporated on January 25, 1929 in Thrissur, Kerala. The Bank does not have any subsidiary/Associate companies under its Management.

2: Capital Adequacy

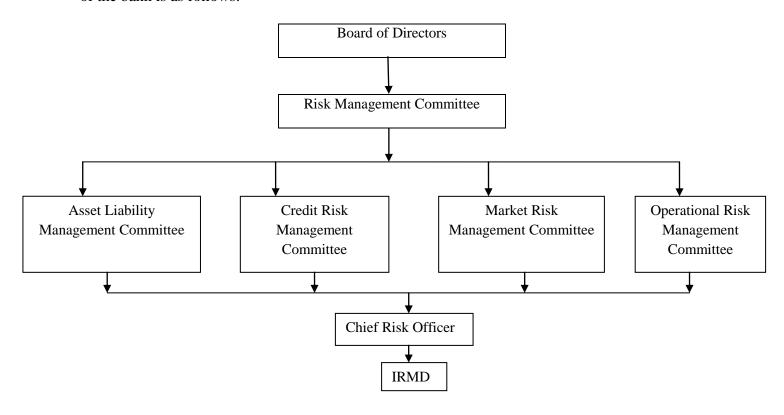
1	Qualitative Disclosure			
1.1	RBI Guidelines on capital adequacy			
	The Bank is subject to the capital adequacy guidelines stipulated by RBI, which are based on the framework of the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision. As per Basel III guidelines, the Bank is required to maintain a minimum Capital to Risk Weighted Assets Ratio (CRAR) of 9% {11.5% including Capital Conservation Buffer (CCB)}, with minimum Common Equity Tier I (CET1) of 5.5% (8% including CCB) as on 31st March 2019. These guidelines on Basel III are to be implemented beginning 1st April 2013 in a phased manner, the minimum capital required to be maintained by the Bank for the year ended 31 st March 2014 is 9% with minimum Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) of 5%.			
1.2	The bank's approach in assessment of capital adequacy			
2	The bank is following standardized approach, Standardiz Basic Indicator approach for measurement of capital chargemarket risk and operational risk respectively. Besides co Pillar I requirement, the Bank also periodically undertakes areas to assess the impact of stressed scenario or plausib liquidity, profitability and capital adequacy. The bank Adequacy Assessment Process (ICAAP) on annual basis to capital funds to cover the risks specified under Pillar-II adequacy of banks' capital funds to meet the future business the ICAAP document.	ge in respect of credit risk, imputing CRAR under the stress testing in various risk ale events on asset quality, conducts Internal Capital assess the sufficiency of its I of Basel guidelines. The		
	Quantitative Disclosure	Amount in Million		
(a)	Capital requirements for Credit Risk	22,773.33		
	Portfolios subject to standardized approach	22,773.33		
	Securitization exposures			
(b)	Capital requirements for Market Risk (Standardised duration approach) 1,154.97			
	Interest Rate Risk	742.93		
	Foreign Exchange Risk (including gold)	9.00		
	Equity Risk	403.04		
(c)	Capital requirements for Operational Risk (Basic Indicator Approach)	1,954.01		
	Total Capital Requirement at 9% { (a)+ (b)+(c) }	25,882.31		

Total Capital Fund	35,716.43
Common Equity Tier- I CRAR %	10.79 %
Tier- I CRAR %	10.79 %
Total CRAR %	12.42 %

Risk Management: Objectives and Organisation Structure

Risk is an integral part of banking business in an ever dynamic environment, which is undergoing radical changes both on the technology front and product offerings. The main risks faced by the bank are credit risk, market risk and operational risk. The bank aims to achieve an appropriate tradeoff between risk and return to maximize shareholder value. The relevant information on the various categories of risks faced by the bank is given in the ensuing sections. This information is intended to give market participants a better idea on the risk profile and risk management practices of the bank.

The bank has a comprehensive risk management system set up to address various risks and has set up an Integrated Risk Management Department, 'IRMD', which is independent of operational departments. Bank has a Risk Management Committee functioning at apex level for formulating, implementing and reviewing bank's risk management measures pertaining to credit, market and operational risk. Apart from the Risk Management Committee of the Board at apex level, the Bank has a strong Bank-wide risk management structure comprising of Asset Liability Management Committee, Credit Risk Management Committee, Market Risk Management Committee and Operational Risk Management Committee at senior management level, operational risk management specialists in all Regional Offices and dedicated mid office at Treasury Department/International Banking Division at operational level. The structure and organization of Risk Management functions of the bank is as follows:



3: Credit Risk: General Disclosures

1. Qualitative Disclosure

Definition of impaired credit and past dues considered by bank for accounting purposes

The guidelines as laid down by RBI Master Circular No. DBOD.No.BP.BC.8/21.04.048/2013-14 dated July 1, 2013, on Asset classification, Income Recognition and Provisioning to Advances portfolio are followed while classifying Non-performing Assets (NPAs). The guidelines are as under:

- a) An asset, including a leased asset, becomes non-performing when it ceases to generate income for the bank.
- b) A non performing asset (NPA) is a loan or an advance where;
 - i) interest and / or installment of principal remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in respect of a term loan,
 - ii) the account remains 'out of order', in respect of an Overdraft / Cash Credit (OD/CC), (out of order An account is treated as 'out of order' if the outstanding balance remains continuously in excess of the sanctioned limit/drawing power. In cases where the outstanding balance in the principal operating account is less than the sanctioned limit / drawing power, but there are no credits continuously for 90 days as on the date of Balance Sheet or credits are not enough to cover the interest debited during the same period, these accounts are treated as 'out of order'.)
 - iii)the bill remains overdue for a period of more than 90 days in the case of bills Purchased and discounted, (overdue Any amount due to the bank under any credit facility is 'overdue' if it is not paid on the due date fixed by the bank.)
 - iv) The installment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for two crop seasons for short duration crops, (overdue Any amount due to the bank under any credit facility is 'overdue' if it is not paid on the due date fixed by the bank.)
 - v) The installment of principal or interest thereon remains overdue for one crop season for long duration crops, (overdue Any amount due to the bank under any credit facility is 'overdue' if it is not paid on the due date fixed by the bank.)
 - vi) The amount of liquidity facility remains outstanding for more than 90 days, in respect of a securitization transaction undertaken in terms of RBI guidelines on Securitization dated February 1, 2006.
 - vii) In respect of derivative transactions, the overdue receivables representing positive Markto-market value of a derivative contract, if these remain unpaid for a period of 90 days from the specified due date for payment.

Credit risk management practices of our Bank

The bank has a comprehensive credit risk management policy which deals with identification, assessment, measurement and mitigation of credit risk. The policy has defined credit risk as the possibility of losses associated with the diminution in the credit quality of the borrower or the counter party or the failure on its part to meet its obligations in accordance with the agreed terms. The Credit Risk Management Committee, an executive level committee is entrusted with the task of overseeing various risk management measures envisaged in the policy. The Credit Risk Management Committee also deals with issues relating to credit risk management policy and procedures and analyse, manage and control credit risk on a bank wide basis. Credit risk management policy primarily addresses the credit risk inherent in advances. The principal aspects covered under this policy include credit risk rating, credit risk monitoring, credit risk mitigation and country risk management.

The major specific credit risk management measures followed by bank, as listed out in the credit risk management policy are given in following points.

- The credit/country risk associated with exposures, like inter-bank deposits and export bill discounting, to different countries are consolidated regularly and monitored by the Board.
- Bank uses a robust risk rating framework for evaluating credit risk of the borrowers. The
 bank uses segment-specific rating models that are aligned to target segment of the
 borrowers.
- Risks on various counter-parties such as corporates, banks, are monitored through counterparty exposure limits, also governed by country risk exposure limits in case of international transactions.
- The bank manages risk at the portfolio level too, with portfolio level prudential exposure limits to mitigate concentration risk.

2. Quantitative Disclosure

a) Gross Credit Risk Exp	osures as on 31 st March 2014	
		Amount in Million
Category		Exposure
Fund Based ¹		3,62,298.56
Non Fund Based ²		1,91,265.50
Total		5,53,564.06

Note:

- 1. Fund based credit exposure excludes Cash in hand, Balance with RBI, SLR investments, shares, deposits placed NABARD, SIDBI & NHB, Fixed and Other assets.
- 2. Non-fund based exposure includes outstanding Letter of Credit, Acceptances, Bank Guarantee exposures and Forward Contracts at notional amount.

b) Geographic Distribution of Credit Risk Exposure as on 31st March 2014

Particulars	Amount in Million
Domestic	5,53,564.06
Overseas	Nil
Total	5,53,564.06

c) Industry-Wise Distribution of gross advances and NPAs as on 31st March, 2014

Amount in Million

Industry Name	Gross Advance	GNPA	Standard Assets
Mining and Quarrying	485.92	0.00	485.92
Food Processing	8,258.07	76.85	8,181.22
Beverages(Excluding Tea & Coffee)and Tobacco	427.88	9.72	418.16
Textiles	11,761.25	376.75	11,384.50
Leather and Leather products	1,053.87	0.04	1,053.83
Wood and Wood Products	1,016.40	63.70	952.69
Paper and Paper Products	2,064.25	34.21	2,030.04
Petroleum(non-infra),Coal Products(non-mining)and Nuclear Fuels	2,085.48	150.12	1,935.36
Chemicals and Chemical Products(Dyes, Paints, etc)	3,332.80	80.34	3,252.46
Rubber, Plastic and their Products	7,747.25	3.05	7,744.19
Glass and Glassware	36.12	0.02	36.10
Cement and Cement Products	4,107.86	2.62	4,105.24
Basic Metal and Metal products	17,967.55	409.31	17,558.25
All Engineering	3,211.56	18.49	3,193.07
Vehicles, Vehicle Parts and Transport Equipments	4,857.30	1.39	4,855.91
Gems and Jewellery	7,395.43	505.58	6,889.85
Construction	8,607.35	82.57	8,524.78
Infrastructure	55,961.03	933.39	55,027.64
Other Industries	5,939.45	70.55	5,868.90

d) Residual Contractual Maturity breakdown of Assets

<u> </u>	Amount in Million				nt in Million	
Time Period	Cash and Balance with RBI	Balance with other banks & money at call and short notice	Investments	Advances	Fixed Assets	Other Assets
Next Day	7,972.07	931.68	990.33	11,619.46	0.00	30.60
2-7 days	168.83	1,236.72	(423.11)	3,350.68	0.00	40.80
8-14 days	229.41	622.54	707.98	3,889.44	0.00	71.41
15-28 days	297.16	1914.60	1,087.02	10,065.65	0.00	183.62
29 days - 3 months	1,800.61	5,299.47	7,859.99	49,989.67	0.00	510.06
Over 3 - 6 months	1,710.97	14.19	2,627.71	43,932.32	0.00	244.83
Over 6 - 12 months	1,973.50	152.00	7,452.86	1,06,319.60	0.00	265.23
Over 1 - 3 year	4,915.75	0.00	27,127.97	52,769.82	0.00	1,387.35
Over 3 - 5 year	653.78	0.00	22,174.05	32,581.18	0.00	448.85
Over 5 years	2,286.00	0.00	73,912.96	47,780.74	4,122.00	4,559.31
Total	22,008.08	10,171.20	1,43,517.76	3,62,298.56	4,122.00	7,742.06

e) The composition of Gross NPAs and NPIs, Net NPAs, NPA ratios and provision for GNPAs and GNPIs as on 31st March 2014 and movement of gross NPAs and provisions during the quarter ended 31st March 2014 are given in following table.

		(Rs in Million)
1.	Amount of Gross NPAs	4,326.22
	Substandard	1,798.08
	Doubtful-I	1,963.07
	• Doubtful-2	54.95
	• Doubtful-3	28.27
	• Loss	481.85
2.	Net NPA	2,816.75
3.	NPA ratios	
	Gross NPA to Gross Advance:	1.19 %

	Net NPA to Net Advance:	0.78%
4.	Movement of N PA (Gross)	
	Opening Gross NPA	4,338.74
	Additions to Gross NPA	6,284.24
	Reductions to Gross NPA	6,296.76
	Closing Balance of Gross NPA	4,326.22
5.	Movement of N PA Provisions	
	 Opening balance of NPA Provisions held 	1,642.18
	 Provisions made during the period 	2,107.49
	Deductions during the period	2,457.00
	Closing Balance of NPA Provisions	1,292.67
6.	Amount of Non Performing Investments (Gross)	362.94
7.	Amount of Provisions held NP Investments	128.45
8.	Movement of Provisions for Depreciation on Investments	
	Opening Balance of Provisions for Depreciation	356.00
	Provisions made during the period	52.46
	Write-offs / Write-back of excess provisions during the period	337.12
	 Closing Balance of Provisions for Depreciation 	71.34

4: Credit Risk: Disclosure for Portfolios under Standardized Approach

1. Qualitative Disclosure

a. Names of credit rating agencies used

Bank has approved all the six External Credit Rating Agencies accredited by RBI for the purpose of credit risk rating of domestic borrowal accounts that forms the basis for determining risk weights under Standardized Approach. External Credit Rating Agencies approved are:

- 1. CRISIL
- 2. CARE
- 3. India Ratings and Research Private Limited (Formerly FITCH INDIA)
- 4. ICRA
- 5. Brickwork Ratings India Pvt. Ltd (BRICKWORK)
- 6. SMERA Ratings Ltd

The Bank computes risk weight on the basis of external rating assigned, both Long Term and Short Term, for the facilities availed by the borrower. The external ratings assigned are generally facility specific. The Bank follows below mentioned procedures as laid down in the Basel II guidelines for use of external ratings:

- The external rating assigned by an agency is considered only if it fully takes into account the credit exposure of the bank.
- ➤ If an issuer has a long- term exposure with an external long term rating that warrants a risk weight of 150 percent, all unrated claims on the same counter-party, whether short term or long-term, should also receive a 150 percent risk weight, unless the bank uses recognized credit risk mitigation techniques for such claims.
- > If an issuer has a short-term exposure with an external short term rating that warrants a

- risk weight of 150 per cent, all unrated claims on the same counter-party, whether long-term or short-term, should also receive a 150 per cent risk weight, unless the bank uses recognized credit risk mitigation techniques for such claims.
- ➤ The unrated short term claim of counterparty will attract a risk weight of at least one level higher than the risk weight applicable to the rated short term claim on that counter-party. If a short-term rated facility to counterparty attracts a 20 per cent or a 50 per cent risk weight, unrated short-term claims to the same counter-party cannot attract a risk weight lower than 30 per cent or 100 per cent respectively.

b. Process used to transfer public issue ratings onto comparable assets in the banking book

- (i) In circumstances where the borrower has a specific assessment for an issued debt but the bank's claim is not an investment in this particular debt the rating applicable to the specific debt (where the rating maps into a risk weight lower than that which applies to an unrated claim) may be applied to the bank's unassessed claim only if this claim ranks pari passu or senior to the specific rated debt in all respects and the maturity of the unassessed claim is not later than the maturity of the rated claim, except where the rated claim is a short term obligation. If not, the rating applicable to the specific debt cannot be used and the unassessed claim will receive the risk weight for unrated claims.
- (ii) If either the issuer or single issue has been assigned a rating which maps into a risk weight equal to or higher than that which applies to unrated claims, a claim on the same counterparty, which is unrated by any chosen credit rating agency, will be assigned the same risk weight as is applicable to the rated exposure, if this claim ranks pari-passu or junior to the rated exposure in all respects.

2. Quantitative Disclosures

Amount of exposure (after risk mitigation) outstanding as on 31st March 2014 under major three risk buckets

Description of risk bucket	Rs in Million
Below 100% Risk Weight	2,98,040.06
Risk Weight at 100%	1,65,444.28
More than 100% Risk Weight	13,891.27
Deducted if any	Nil

(Amount of exposures includes cash in hand, balance with RBI, investments, loans and advances, Fixed and other assets, off balance sheet items and forward contracts)

5: Credit Risk Mitigation: Disclosures for Standardised Approaches

1. Qualitative Disclosure

a. Policies and processes for collateral valuation and management

Bank has put in place a comprehensive policy on Credit Risk Mitigants and Collaterals for recognizing the eligible collaterals and guarantors for netting the exposures and reducing the credit risk of obligors. Basic procedures and descriptions of controls as well as types of standard/acceptable collaterals, guarantees necessary in granting credit, evaluation methods for

different types of credit and collateral, applicable "haircuts" to collateral, frequency of revaluation and release of collateral are stipulated in the bank's credit policy, policy on collateral management and credit risk mitigant policy. The bank uses net exposure for capital calculations after taking cognizance of eligible financial collaterals. All collaterals and guarantees are recorded and the details are linked to individual accounts.

Collateral valuation

As stipulated by the RBI guidelines, the Bank uses the comprehensive approach for collateral valuation. Under this approach, the Bank reduces its credit exposure to counterparty when calculating its capital requirements to the extent of risk mitigation provided by the eligible collateral as specified in the Basel III guidelines.

The Bank adjusts the value of any collateral received to adjust for possible future fluctuations in the value of the collateral in line with the requirements specified by RBI guidelines. These adjustments, also referred to as 'haircuts', to produce volatility-adjusted amounts for collateral, are reduced from the exposure to compute the capital charge based on the applicable risk weights.

Types of collateral taken by the Bank

The Bank determines the appropriate collateral for each facility based on the type of product and risk profile of the counterparty. In case of corporate and small and medium enterprises financing, fixed assets are generally taken as security for long tenor loans and current assets for working capital finance. For project finance, security of the assets of the borrower and assignment of the underlying project contracts is generally taken. In addition, in some cases, additional security such as pledge of shares, cash collateral, charge on receivables with an escrow arrangement and guarantees is also taken.

For retail products, the security to be taken is defined in the product policy for the respective products. Housing loans and automobile loans are secured by the security of the property/automobile being financed. The valuation of the properties is carried out by an empanelled valuer at the time of sanctioning the loan.

The Bank also offers products which are primarily based on collateral such as shares, specified securities, warehoused commodities and gold jewellery. These products are offered in line with the approved product policies, which include types of collateral, valuation and margining.

The Bank extends unsecured facilities to clients for certain products such as derivatives, credit cards and personal loans. The limits with respect to unsecured facilities have been approved by the Board of Directors.

The decision on the type and quantum of collateral for each transaction is taken by the credit approving authority as per the credit approval authorisation approved by the Board of Directors. For facilities provided as per approved product policies, collateral is taken in line with the policy.

b. Credit Risk Mitigation techniques

The RBI guidelines on Basel III allow the following credit risk mitigants to be recognised for regulatory capital purposes:

1) Eligible Financial Collaterals

Cash and fixed deposit receipts, issued by our bank.

- ➤ Gold: Gold would include both bullion and jewellery. However, the value of the collateralized jewellery should be arrived at after notionally converting these to 99.99% purity.
- ➤ Kisan Vikas Patra, Indira Vikas Patra and National Savings Certificates provided no lock-in period is operational and if they can be encashed within the holding period.
- ➤ Life Insurance policies with a declared surrender value of an insurance company which is regulated by an insurance sector regulator.
- ➤ Securities issued by Central and State Governments.
- ➤ Debt securities rated by a chosen Credit Rating Agency in respect of which banks should be sufficiently confident about the market liquidity where these are either:
 - a) Attracting 100 per cent or lesser risk weight i.e., rated at least BBB(-) when issued by public sector entities and other entities (including banks and Primary Dealers); or
 - b) Attracting 100 per cent or lesser risk weight i.e., rated at least CARE A3 / CRISIL A3 / India Ratings and Research Private Limited (India Ratings) A3 /ICRA A3 /Brickwork A3 / SMERA A3 for short-term debt instruments.
- ➤ Debt Securities not rated by a chosen Credit Rating Agency in respect of which banks should be sufficiently confident about the market liquidity where these are:
 - a) issued by a bank; and
 - b) listed on a recognised exchange; and
 - c) classified as senior debt; and
 - d) all rated issues of the same seniority by the issuing bank are rated at least BBB(-) or CARE A3/ CRISIL A3/ India Ratings and Research Private Limited (India Ratings) A3/ICRA A3/Brickwork A3/SMERA A3 by a chosen Credit Rating Agency; and
 - e) the bank holding the securities as collateral has no information to suggest that the issue justifies a rating below BBB(-) or CARE A3/ CRISIL A3/ India Ratings and Research Private Limited (India Ratings) A3/ICRA A3/Brickwork A3/SMERA A3 (as applicable) and;
 - f) Banks should be sufficiently confident about the market liquidity of the security.
- ➤ Units of Mutual Funds regulated by the securities regulator of the jurisdiction of the bank's operation mutual funds where:
 - a) a price for the units is publicly quoted daily i.e., where the daily NAV is available in public domain; and
 - b) Mutual fund is limited to investing in the instruments listed in this paragraph.
 - 2) On-balance sheet netting, which is confined to loans/advances and deposits, where banks have legally enforceable netting arrangements, involving specific lien with proof of documentation.
 - 3) Counter party Guarantees, where these are direct, explicit, irrevocable and unconditional. Further, the eligible guarantors would comprise:
 - a) Sovereigns, sovereign entities (including Bank for International Settlements, the International Monetary Fund, European Central Bank and European Community as

well as those Multilateral Development Banks, Export Credit Guarantee Corporation of India and Credit Guarantee Fund Trust for Small Industries, Credit Risk Guarantee Fund Trust for Low Income Housing), banks and primary dealers with a lower risk weight than the counterparty;

- b) Other entities that are externally rated except when credit protection is provided to a securitisation exposure. This would include credit protection provided by parent, subsidiary and affiliate companies when they have a lower risk weight than the obligor.
- c. Details of exposure covered by eligible financial collateral and information about (credit or market) concentration within the mitigation taken as on 31^{st} March 14 is given in table below

$\mathbf{D}_{\mathbf{G}}$	in	Million
KS	ın	viiiion

S. No	Category of loan	Exposure	Amount of Risk Mitigants	Risk weighted assets
1	Gold loans	62,746.24	61,638.81	1,107.43
2	Loan against deposits	14,758.58	16,398.42	-
3	Loan against KVP / IVP / NSC / LIC	239.20	265.77	-

6: Securitisation Exposures: Disclosure for Standardised Approach

Not applicable since the bank does not undertake securitisation activity.

7: Market Risk in Trading Book

Qualitative disclosures

Market Risk Management Policy

Market risk is the possibility of loss arising from changes in the value of a financial instrument as a result of changes in market variables such as interest rates, exchange rates, credit spreads and other asset prices. The market risk for the Bank is managed in accordance with the Market Risk Management policy, Investment Policy and ALM Policy which are approved by the Board. The policies ensure that operations in securities, foreign exchange etc are conducted in accordance with sound and acceptable business practices and are as per the extant regulatory guidelines, laws governing transactions in financial securities and the financial environment. The policies contain the limit structure that governs transactions in financial instruments. The policies are reviewed periodically to incorporate changed business requirements, economic environment and changes in regulations.

Structure and organisation of the market risk management function

The Market Risk Management Committee (MRMC), which is an independent function, reports to the Risk Management Committee. MRMC exercises independent control over the process of market risk management and recommends changes in risk policies, controls, processes and methodologies for quantifying and assessing market risk. There is clear functional separation of:

- > Trading i.e. front office; and
- Monitoring, control, settlements and accounting i.e. Treasury back office.

Strategies and processes

- 1) The Bank has put in place a comprehensive Market risk management Framework to address the Market risks (bank wide) including that of the Trading Book.
- 2) Within the above Framework, various policies of the Bank prescribes Limits like Value at Risk (VaR) for Central Government securities & Currencies, maximum holding period, duration, minimum holding level for liquid assets, defeasance period, exposure limits, Forex open position limits (day light/overnight), stop-loss limits etc.
- 3) Risk profiles are analyzed and the effectiveness of risk mitigants is regularly monitored.
- 4) The Bank's Board/ Market Risk Management Committee (MRMC)/ Investment Management Committee (IMC) approves the volume composition holding/ defeasance period etc. of the trading book.

The scope and nature of risk reporting and /or measurement system risk reporting

Adherence to limits are being monitored by dedicated mid office, reporting exceptions to chief risk officer (CRO), independent of Treasury /IBD operational units.

Risk Measurement

- 1) Values at Risk (VaR) numbers are arrived for Trading book Central Government securities, T Bills and Currencies.
- 2) The positions are marked to market at stipulated intervals. The Duration/Modified Duration is computed and its adherence to the prescribed duration limits is ensured.
- 3) The bank is computing capital charge on "Held for Trading" and "Available for Sale" categories using Standardized Duration Approach as required under RBI guidelines for Basel II.
- 4) Stress testing analyses are done by applying rate shocks for parallel shift in the yield curve under current economic and political scenario.

Quantitative disclosures

Capital requirements for different categories of Market Risks at 9%

(Rs. in Millions)

S No.	Capital Requirements	Capital Charge
1	Interest rate risk	742.93
2	Equity Position Risk	9.00
3	Foreign Risk	403.04

8: Operational Risk

Operational risk management framework

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people or systems, or from external events. Operational risk includes legal risk but excludes strategic and reputation risk. Operational risk is inherent in the Bank's business activities in both domestic as well as overseas operations and covers a wide spectrum of issues.

Objectives

The objective of the Bank's operational risk management is to manage and control operational risks in a cost effective manner within targeted levels of operational risk consistent with the Bank's risk appetite as specified in the Operational Risk Management Policy (the Policy) approved by the Board of Directors. The Policy aims to:

- Define Bank level operational risk appetite;
- Establish clear ownership and accountability for management and mitigation of operational risk;
- Help business and operations to improve internal controls, reduce likelihood of occurrence of operational risk incidents and minimise potential impact of losses;
- Minimise losses and customer dissatisfaction due to failure in processes;
- Develop comprehensive operational risk loss database for effective mitigation;
- Meet regulatory requirements as set out in the guidance note on management of operational risk issued by the RBI; and
- Compute capital charge for operational risk as per the guidelines issued by the RBI.

The bank has started the Risk and Control Self Assessment (RCSA) and loss data collection, and at the same time identified the data gaps to be filled, to facilitate a step by step migration into the advanced approaches.

9: Interest Rate Risk in the Banking Book (IRRBB)

Qualitative disclosures

IRRBB refers to the risk arising on account of adverse interest rate fluctuations on interest rate sensitive assets and interest rate sensitive liabilities, which are held in banking book. In short term perspective -Traditional Gap Analysis (TGA) approach- it is the risk of an adverse impact on net interest income arising from timing differences in re-pricing of various items of assets liabilities. In long term perspective -Duration Gap Analysis (DGA) approach - it is the risk arising from adverse impact on the Bank's economic value of equity, due to duration gap between assets and liabilities.

Interest rate risk on banking book assumes the form of basis risk, yield curve risk, re-pricing risk or embedded options risk. For purposes of measuring the impact of these risks on net interest income under TGA approaches, the risk position is identified as the gap between rate sensitive assets and liabilities in different maturity buckets. For purposes of measuring the impact of these risks on economic value of net worth under DGA approach, the risk position is defined as the modified duration of equity which is derived from the modified duration gap, which in turn requires computation of the weighted average modified duration of assets and weighted average modified duration of liabilities.

The bank calculates the impact on the earnings by gap analysis with the assumed change in yield over one year. Bank has put in place prudential limits for probable reduction in Net Interest Income (NII) for buckets below one year due to adverse change in interest rates. Earnings at Risk (EaR) are being calculated using Traditional Gap Analysis as per ALM guidelines of RBI.

The bank calculates the impact on the Market value of equity by Duration Gap Analysis and the impact is calculated by applying a notional interest rate shock of 200 basis points as per ALM guidelines of RBI.

Risk evaluation and adherence to risk limits are reported to Market Risk Management Committee/ALCO through Chief Risk Officer.

Ouantitative Disclosures

Particulars	As on 31 st March 2014
Change in NII Probable impact on Net Interest income for 100 Bps downward movement in interest rate	Rs.878.76 Million
Change in MVE Probable impact on Market Value of equity (MVE) for a 200 Bps downward movement in interest rates.	3.04 % on Networth

10: General Disclosure for Exposures Related to Counterparty Credit Risk

Qualitative disclosures

Bank has put in place Counterparty Credit Risk limits for banks as counterparty, based on internal rating considering a number of financial parameters like net worth, capital adequacy ratio, rating etc of the counterparty bank and with the approval of the Board. Counterparty exposures for other

entities are subject to comprehensive exposure ceilings fixed by the Board. Capital for Counterparty Credit Risk is assessed based on the Standardized Approach.

Quantitative Disclosures

The Bank does not recognize bilateral netting. The credit equivalent amounts of derivatives that are subjected to risk weighting are calculated as per the Current Exposure Method. The balance outstanding for forward contract is as follows:

Rs in Million

Particulars	Outstanding
Forward Contracts at notional amount	1,69,284.43
Total	1,69,284.43

11: Composition of Capital

Rs in Million

Basel	III common disclosure template to be used	d during the	Amounts	Ref No.
transit	tion of regulatory adjustments		subject to	
			Treatment	
Com	mon Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and rese	rves		
1	Directly issued qualifying common share capital	10,823.62		
	plus related stock surplus (share premium)			
2	Retained earnings	21,371.94		
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and			
	other reserves)			
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase out from			
	CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock			
	companies)			
	Public sector capital injections grandfathered			
	until January 1, 2018			
5	Common share capital issued by subsidiaries			
	and held by third parties (amount allowed in			
	group CET1)			
6	Common Equity Tier 1 capital before regulatory	32,195.56		
	adjustments			
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital: regulatory adjust	ments		
7	Prudential valuation adjustments			
8	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)			
9	Intangibles other than mortgage-servicing rights			
	(net of related tax liability)			
10	Deferred tax assets	899.74		
11	Cash-flow hedge reserve			

13 Securitisation gain on sale 14 Gains and losses due to changes in own credit risk on fair valued liabilities 15 Defined-benefit pension fund net assets 224.90 16 Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid- in capital on reported balance sheet) 17 Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity 33.50 18 Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold) 19 Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold) 20 Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold) 21 Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability) 22 Amount exceeding the 15% threshold 23 of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities 24 of which: mortgage servicing rights 25 of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences 26 National specific regulatory adjustments (26a+26b+26c+26d)	12	Shortfall of provisions to expected losses		
risk on fair valued liabilities 15 Defined-benefit pension fund net assets 224-90 16 Investments in own shares (if not already netted off paid- in capital on reported balance sheet) 17 Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity 33.50 18 Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold) 19 Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold) 20 Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold) 21 Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability) 22 Amount exceeding the 15% threshold 23 of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities 24 of which: mortgage servicing rights 25 of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences 26 National specific regulatory adjustments (26a+26b+26c+26d)	13			
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17 Reciprocal cross-holdings in common equity 18 Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold) 19 Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold) 20 Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold) 21 Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability) 22 Amount exceeding the 15% threshold 23 of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities 24 of which: mortgage servicing rights 25 of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences 26 National specific regulatory adjustments (26a+26b+26c+26d)	16	Investments in own shares (if not already netted		
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold) 19 Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold) 20 Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold) 21 Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability) 22 Amount exceeding the 15% threshold 23 of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities 24 of which: mortgage servicing rights 25 of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences 26 National specific regulatory adjustments (26a+26b+26c+26d)		off paid- in capital on reported balance sheet)		
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of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital (amount above 10% threshold) 19 Significant investments in the common stock of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions (amount above 10% threshold) 20 Mortgage servicing rights (amount above 10% threshold) 21 Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (amount above 10% threshold, net of related tax liability) 22 Amount exceeding the 15% threshold 23 of which: significant investments in the common stock of financial entities 24 of which: mortgage servicing rights 25 of which: deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences 26 National specific regulatory adjustments (26a+26b+26c+26d)	18	Investments in the capital of banking, financial		
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26 National specific regulatory adjustments (26a+26b+26c+26d)	23			
(26a+26b+26c+26d)	26			
26a of which: Investments in the equity capital of	26a	of which: Investments in the equity capital of		
the unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries				
26b of which: Investments in the equity capital of	26b	of which: Investments in the equity capital of		
unconsolidated non-financial subsidiaries				
26c of which: Shortfall in the equity capital of	26c	of which: Shortfall in the equity capital of		
majority owned financial entities which have		majority owned financial entities which have		
not been consolidated with the bank		not been consolidated with the bank		
26d of which: Unamortised pension funds	26d	of which: Unamortised pension funds		
expenditures		expenditures		

	Regulatory adjustments applied to Common	
	Equity Tier 1 in respect of amounts subject to	
	pre-basel treatment	
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT]	
	For example: filtering out of unrealised losses	
	on AFS debt securities (not relevant in Indian	
	context)	
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT]	
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT]	
27	Regulatory adjustments applied to Common	
21	Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier	
	1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions	
28	Total regulatory adjustments to Common equity	1,158.14
20	Tier 1	1,130.14
29	Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1)	31,037.42
29	Additional Tier 1 capital: instruments	31,037.42
30	Directly issued qualifying Additional Tier 1	
30	instruments plus related stock surplus (31+32)	
31	of which: classified as equity under applicable	
31	accounting standards (Perpetual Non-	
	Cumulative Preference Shares)	
32	of which: classified as liabilities under	
34	applicable accounting standards (Perpetual debt	
	Instruments)	
33	Directly issued capital instruments subject to	
33	phase out from Additional Tier 1	
34	Additional Tier 1 instruments (and CET1	
34	instruments not included in row 5) issued by	
	subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount	
	allowed in group AT1)	
35	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries	
33	subject to phase out	
36	Additional Tier 1 capital before regulatory	
30	adjustments	
		trumanta
27	Additional Tier 1 capital: regulatory ins	truments
37	Investments in own Additional Tier 1	
20	instruments Design and gross holdings in Additional Tion 1	
38	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Additional Tier 1	
20	instruments Investments in the conital of healing, financial	
39	Investments in the capital of banking, financial	
	and insurance entities that are outside the scope	

of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued common share capital of the entity (amount above 10% threshold) 40 Significant investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of eligible short positions) 41 National specific regulatory adjustments (41a+41b) 41a Investments in the Additional Tier 1 capital of unconsolidated insurance subsidiaries 41b Shortfall in the Additional Tier 1 capital of majority owned financial entities which have not been consolidated with the bank Regulatory Adjustments Applied to Additional Tier 1 in respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment of which: Deferred Tax Assets (not associated with accumulated losses) net of Deferred Tax Liabilities of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT e.g. existing adjustments which are deducted from Tier 1 at 50%] of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT] 42 Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions 43 Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital 44 Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1) 44a Additional Tier 1 capital reckoned for capital adequacy 45 Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1) (29 + 44a) 31,037.42	
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42 Regulatory adjustments applied to Additional Tier 1 due to insufficient Tier 2 to cover deductions 43 Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital 44 Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1) 44a Additional Tier 1 capital reckoned for capital adequacy	
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43 Total regulatory adjustments to Additional Tier 1 capital 44 Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1) 44a Additional Tier 1 capital reckoned for capital adequacy	
1 capital 44 Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1) 44a Additional Tier 1 capital reckoned for capital adequacy	
44 Additional Tier 1 capital (AT1) 44a Additional Tier 1 capital reckoned for capital adequacy	
44a Additional Tier 1 capital reckoned for capital adequacy	
adequacy	
45 Tier 1 capital (T1 = CET1 + AT1) $(29 + 44a)$ 31 037 42	
231,007.12	
Tier 2 capital: instruments and provisions	
46 Directly issued qualifying Tier 2 instruments 2,000.00	
plus related stock surplus	
47 Directly issued capital instruments subject to	
phase out from Tier 2	
48 Tier 2 instruments (and CET1 and AT1	
instruments not included in rows 5 or 34) issued	

	by subsidiaries and held by third parties		
	(amount allowed in group Tier 2)		
49	of which: instruments issued by subsidiaries		
47	subject to phase out		
50	Provisions	2,708.60	
51	Tier 2 capital before regulatory adjustments	4,708.60	
	Tier 2 capital: regulatory adjus		
52	Investments in own Tier 2 instruments		
53	Reciprocal cross-holdings in Tier 2 instruments	29.60	
54	Investments in the capital of banking, financial		
	and insurance entities that are outside the scope		
	of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short		
	positions, where the bank does not own more		
	than 10% of the issued common share capital of		
	the entity (amount above the 10% threshold)		
55	Significant investments in the capital banking,		
	financial and insurance entities that are outside		
	the scope of regulatory consolidation (net of		
	eligible short positions)		
56	National specific regulatory adjustments		
	(56a+56b)		
56a	of which: Investments in the Tier 2 capital of		
	unconsolidated subsidiaries		
56b	of which: Shortfall in the Tier 2 capital of		
	majority owned financial entities which have		
	not been consolidated with the bank		
	Regulatory Adjustments Applied To Tier 2 in		
	respect of Amounts Subject to Pre-Basel III		
	Treatment		
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT		
	e.g. existing adjustments which are deducted from Tier 2 at 50%]		
	of which: [INSERT TYPE OF ADJUSTMENT		
57	Total regulatory adjustments to Tier 2 capital	29.60	
58	Tier 2 capital (T2)	4,679.00	
58a	Tier 2 capital (12) Tier 2 capital reckoned for capital adequacy	4,679.00	
58b	Excess Additional Tier 1 capital reckoned as	7,077.00	
200	Tier 2 capital		
58c	Total Tier 2 capital admissible for capital		
300	adequacy (58a + 58b)		
	adequacy (30a + 300)		

<i>5</i> 0	T + 1	25.716.42
59	Total capital (TC = T1 + T2) (45 + 58c)	35,716.43
	Risk Weighted Assets in respect of Amounts	
	Subject to Pre-Basel III Treatment	
	of which:	
	of which:	2.05.502.21
60	Total risk weighted assets (60a + 60b + 60c)	2,87,582.21
60a	of which: total credit risk weighted assets	2,53,036.97
60b	of which: total market risk weighted assets	21,711.23
60c	of which: total operational risk weighted assets	12,834.00
	Capital ratios	
61	Common Equity Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	10.79 %
62	Tier 1 (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	10.79 %
63	Total capital (as a percentage of risk weighted	12.42 %
	assets)	
64	Institution specific buffer requirement	
	(minimum CET1 requirement plus capital	
	conservation and countercyclical buffer	
	requirements, expressed as a percentage of risk	
	weighted assets)	
65	of which: capital conservation buffer	
	requirement	
66	of which: bank specific countercyclical buffer	
	requirement	
67	of which: G-SIB buffer requirement	
68	Common Equity Tier 1 available to meet	
	buffers (as a percentage of risk weighted assets)	
	National minima (if different from	Basel III)
69	National Common Equity Tier 1 minimum ratio	5.50 %
	(if different from Basel III minimum)	
70	National Tier 1 minimum ratio (if different from	7.00 %
	Basel III minimum)	
71	National total capital minimum ratio (if	9.00 %
	different from Basel III minimum)	
Amou	nts below the thresholds for deduction (before risk v	weighting)
72	Non-significant investments in the capital of	
	other financial entities	
73	Significant investments in the common stock of	
	financial entities	

liability) 75 Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 76 Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap) 77 Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach 78 Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap) 79 Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2022) 80 Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements 81 Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities) 82 Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements 83 Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities) 84 Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements 85 Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess	74	Mortgage servicing rights (net of related tax	
75 Deferred tax assets arising from temporary differences (net of related tax liability) Applicable caps on the inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 76 Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to standardised approach (prior to application of cap) 77 Cap on inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under standardised approach 78 Provisions eligible for inclusion in Tier 2 in respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-based approach (prior to application of cap) 79 Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2022) 80 Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements 81 Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities) 82 Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements 83 Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities) 84 Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements			
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79 Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under internal ratings-based approach Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2022) 80 Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements 81 Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities) 82 Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements 83 Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities) 84 Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements		respect of exposures subject to internal ratings-	
internal ratings-based approach Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2022) 80			
Capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applicable between March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2022) 80	<i>79</i>	Cap for inclusion of provisions in Tier 2 under	
between March 31, 2017 and March 31, 2022) 80		internal ratings-based approach	
80 Current cap on CET1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements 81 Amount excluded from CET1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities) 82 Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to phase out arrangements 83 Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities) 84 Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	Capita	l instruments subject to phase-out arrangements (only applica	able
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phase out arrangements 83 Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities) 84 Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements		over cap after redemptions and maturities)	
83 Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess over cap after redemptions and maturities) 84 Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	82	Current cap on AT1 instruments subject to	
over cap after redemptions and maturities) 84 Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements		phase out arrangements	
84 Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase out arrangements	83	Amount excluded from AT1 due to cap (excess	
out arrangements		over cap after redemptions and maturities)	
	84	Current cap on T2 instruments subject to phase	
85 Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess		out arrangements	
	85	Amount excluded from T2 due to cap (excess	
over cap after redemptions and maturities)		over cap after redemptions and maturities)	

Notes to the Template

Row No. of the template	Particulars	(Rs. in Millions)
10	Deferred tax assets associated with accumulated losses	
	Deferred tax assets (excluding those associated with accumulated	899.74
	losses) net of Deferred tax liability	
	Total as indicated in row 10	
19	If investments in insurance subsidiaries are not deducted fully	
	from capital and instead considered under 10% threshold for	
	deduction, the resultant increase in the capital of bank	
	of which: Increase in Common Equity Tier 1 capital	

	of which: Increase in Additional Tier 1 capital	
	of which: Increase in Tier 2 capital	
26b	If investments in the equity capital of unconsolidated non- financial subsidiaries are not deducted and hence, risk weighted	
	(i) Increase in Common Equity Tier 1 capital	
	(ii) Increase in risk weighted assets	
44a	Excess Additional Tier 1 capital not reckoned for capital	
	adequacy (difference between Additional Tier 1 capital as reported	
	in row 44 and admissible Additional Tier 1 capital as reported in	
	of which: Excess Additional Tier 1 capital which is considered	
	as Tier 2 capital under row 58b	
50	Eligible Provisions included in Tier 2 capital	2,116.15
	Eligible Revaluation Reserves included in Tier 2 capital	592.45
	Total of row 50	2,708.60
58a	Excess Tier 2 capital not reckoned for capital adequacy	
	(difference between Tier 2 capital as reported in row 58 and T2 as	
	reported in 58a)	

12: Composition of Capital- Reconciliation Requirements

Step 1

(Rs. in Millions)

			Balance sheet
		Balance sheet as	under regulatory
		in financial	scope of
		statements	consolidation
		As on reporting	As on reporting
		date	date
A	Capital & Liabilities		
i.	Paid-up Capital	1,343.95	
	Reserves & Surplus	32,336.53	
	Minority Interest		
	Total Capital	33,680.48	
ii	Deposits	4,74,910.90	
	of which: Deposits from banks	24,373.44	
	of which: Customer deposits	4,50,537.45	
	of which: Other deposits (pl. specify)		
iii	Borrowings	27,307.77	
	of which: From RBI	3,250.00	
	of which: From banks		
	of which: From other institutions & agencies	13,923.60	
	of which: Others (pl. specify) Borrowings from	8,134.18	
	outside India		
	India		
	of which: Capital instruments	2,000.00	

iv.	Other liabilities & provisions (includes ESOP	13,960.52	
	outstanding)		
	Total	5,49,859.67	
В	Assets		
i	Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	22,008.08	
1	Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	10,171.21	
	Balance with banks and money at call and short notice	10,171.21	
ii	Investments:	1,43,517.76	
	of which: Government securities	1,15,050.33	
	of which: Other approved securities	0.00	
	of which: Shares	1,911.44	
	of which: Debentures & Bonds	6,134.89	
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / Associates	0.00	
		20,421.10	
	of which: Others (Commercial Papers, Mutual	·	
	Funds etc.)		
iii	Loans and advances	3,62,298.56	
	of which: Loans and advances to banks		
	of which: Loans and advances to customers	3,62,298.56	
iv	Fixed assets	4,122.00	
v	Other assets	7,742.06	
	of which: Goodwill and intangible assets		
	of which: Deferred tax assets	899.63	
vi	Good will on consolidation		
vii	Debit balance in Profit & Loss account		
	Total Assets	5,49,859.67	

Step 2

(Rs. in Millions)

		Balance sheet as in financial statements As on reporting date	Balance sheet under regulatory scope of consolidation As on reporting date	Ref No.
			uute	
A	Capital & Liabilities			
i.	Paid-up Capital	1,343.95		(a)
	of which: Amount eligible for CET1	1,343.95		(a)(i)
	of which: Amount eligible for AT1			
	Reserves & Surplus	32,336.53		(b)

	of which: Amount eligible for CET1		
	Statutory Reserve	7,112.84	(b) (i)
	Share Premium	9,479.67	(b)(ii)
	General Reserve	12,816.79	(b) (iii)
	Capital Reserve	440.87	(b)(iv)
	Special reserve under Section 36(i) (viii) of Income Tax Act	602.80	(b)(v)
	Balance in P/L a/c. at the end of the previous financial year	369.64	(b)(vi)
	Current Financial Year Profit (Current Financial Year carry forward Profit)	28.94	(b)(vii)
	Investment Reserve Account (part of Tier 2	168.43	(b)(viii)
	Revaluation Reserve (part of Tier 2 Capital, at a discount of 55 per cent)	1,316.56	(b)(ix)
	Minority Interest		
	Total Capital	33,680.48	(a)+(b)
ii	Deposits	4,74,910.90	(c)
	of which: Deposits from banks	24,373.44	(c)(i)
	of which: Customer deposits	4,50,537.46	(c)(ii)
	of which: Other deposits (pl. specify)		
iii	Borrowings	27,307.77	(d)
	of which: From RBI	3250.00	(d)(i)
	of which: From banks		(d)(ii)
	of which: From other institutions & agencies	13,923.60	(d)(iii)
	of which: Others (pl. specify) Borrowings from outside India	8,134.18	(d)(iv)
	of which: Capital instruments	2,000.00	(d)(v)
	Capital instrument subject to phase out and included in Tier 2 Capital		
iv.	Other liabilities & provisions (includes ESOP outstanding)	13,960.52	(e)
	of which: Standard Asset provision included under Tier 2 Capital	1,830.00	(e)(i)
	of which : DTLs related to goodwill		(e)(ii)
	of which: Details related to intangible assets		
	Total	5,49,859.67	(a)+(b)+(c) +(d)+ (e)

В	Assets		
i	Cash and balances with Reserve Bank of India	22,008.08	(f)
	Balance with banks and money at call and short notice	10,171.21	(g)
ii	Investments:	1,43,517.76	(h)
	of which: Government securities	1,15,050.33	(h)(i)
	of which: Other approved securities	0.00	(h)(ii)
	of which: Shares	1,911.44	(h)(iii)
	of which: Debentures & Bonds	6,134.89	(h)(iv)
	of which: Subsidiaries / Joint Ventures / Associates	0.00	
	of which: Others (Commercial Papers, Mutual	20,421.10	(h)(v)
iii	Loans and advances	3,62,298.56	(i)
	of which: Loans and advances to banks		
	of which: Loans and advances to customers	36,229.86	(i)(i)
iv	Fixed assets	4,122.00	(j)
v	Other assets	7,742.06	(k)
	of which: Goodwill and intangible assets		
	Out of which:		
	Goodwill		(k)(i)
	Other Intangibles (excluding MSRs)		(k)(ii)
	Deferred tax assets	899.63	(k)(iii)
vi	Good will on consolidation		(1)
vii	Debit balance in Profit & Loss account		(m)
	Total Assets	5,49,859.67	(f)+(g)+(h (i)+

Step 3

(Rs. in Millions)

Common Equity Tier 1 capital: instruments and reserves			
		Component of regulator capital reported by bank	Source based on reference number / letters of the balance sheet under the regulatory scope of consolidation from step 2
1	Directly issued qualifying common share (and equivalent for non-joint stock companies) capital plus related stock surplus		(a) (i)+b(ii)
2	Retained earnings	-	(b)(i)+(b)(iii)+ (b)(iv)+(b)(v)+ (b)(vi) + b (vii)
3	Accumulated other comprehensive income (and other reserves)		
4	Directly issued capital subject to phase out from CET1 (only applicable to non-joint stock companies)		
5	Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties (amount allowed in group CET1)		
6	Common Equity Tier I Capital before Regulatory adjustments	32,195.50	(b)(i)+(b)(iii)+ (b)(iv)+(b)(v)+ (b)(vi)+ (a)(i)+b(ii) +b(vii)
7	Prudential valuation adjustments		
8	Goodwill (net of related tax liability)		

13: Main Features of Regulatory Capital Instruments

		Sub-ordinated Tier 2 Bonds
1	Issuer	The South Indian Bank Ltd.
2	Unique identifier (e.g. CUSIP, ISIN or Bloomberg identifier for private placement)	
3	Governing law(s) of the instrument	Indian Law
	Regulatory treatment	

4	Transitional Basel III rules	Sub-ordinated Tier 2 Bonds
5	Post-transitional Basel III rules	Ineligible
6		Solo
7	Instrument type	Unsecured Redeemable Non-Convertible
	V 1	Subordinated Tier II Lower Bonds
8	Amount recognised in regulatory	Rs. 2000 Million
	capital (Rs. in million, as of most	
	recent reporting date)	
9	Par value of instrument	Rs.1 Million
10	Accounting classification	Liability
11	Original date of issuance	20.08.2009
12	Perpetual or dated	Dated
13	Original maturity date	20.04.2020
14	Issuer call subject to prior supervisory	No
	approval	
15	Optional call date, contingent call dates	NA
	and redemption amount	
16	Subsequent call dates, if applicable	NA
	Coupons / dividends	
17	Fixed or floating dividend/coupon	Fixed
18	Coupon rate and any related index	9.75 % p.a
19	Existence of a dividend stopper	No
20	**	Mandatory
	discretionary or mandatory	•
21	Existence of step up or other incentive	No
	to redeem	
22	Non cumulative or cumulative	Non cumulative
23	Convertible or non-convertible	Non convertible
24	If convertible, conversion trigger(s)	NA
25	If convertible, fully or partially	NA
26	If convertible, conversion rate	NA
27	,	NA
	optional conversion	
28	If convertible, specify instrument	NA
	type convertible into	
29		NA
	instrument it converts into	
30	Write-down feature	No
31	If write-down, write-down trigger(s)	NA
32	If write-down, full or partial	NA
33	If write-down, permanent or	NA
24	temporary	NA
34	If temporary write-down,	NA
	description of write-up mechanism	

35	Position in subordination hierarchy	All depositors and other creditors
	in liquidation (specify instrument	
	type immediately senior to instrument)	
36	Non-compliant transitioned features	No
37	If yes, specify non-compliant features	NA

14: Full Terms and Conditions of Regulatory Capital Instruments

Series I

Nature Of Instrument	Unsecured Redeemable Non-Convertible Subordinated Tier II Lower Bonds
Amount Subscribed	Rs.2,000 Million
Face Value	Rs.10,00,000/-
Date of allotment	20/08/2009
Date of Redemption	20/04/2020
Coupon Rate	9.75 % p.a
Put and call option	NIL
Issuance, Trading & Listing	Listed on BSE Ltd., Mumbai

15: Disclosure Requirements for Remuneration

Qualitative disclosures

a) Information relating to the composition and mandate of the Remuneration Committee.

Composition

The remuneration committee of the Board consists of four members of which two members from Risk Management committee of the Board facilitate effective governance of compensation.

The roles and responsibilities of the Compensation & Remuneration Committee are as follows:

- ➤ To oversee the framing, review and implementation of Bank's overall compensation structure and related polices on remuneration packages payable to all employees and the WTDs/MD & CEO including performance linked incentives, perquisites, stock option scheme etc. with a view to attract, motivate and retain employees and review compensation levels vis-a-vis other Banks and the industry in general.
- ➤ The CRC works in close coordination with the Risk Management Committee of the Bank, in order to achieve effective alignment between remuneration and risks. The CRC also ensures that the cost/income ratio of the Bank supports the remuneration package consistent with maintenance of sound capital adequacy ratio.
- ➤ With respect to the performance linked incentive schemes, the CRC is empowered to:

- (i) Draw up terms and conditions and approve the changes, if any, to the performance linked incentive schemes;
- (ii) Moderate the scheme on an ongoing basis depending upon the circumstances and link the same with the recommendations of Audit Committee;
- (iii)Coordinate the progress of growth of business vis -a- vis the business parameters laid down by the Board and Audit Committee and effect such improvements in the scheme as are considered necessary;
- (iv)On completion of the year, finalize the criteria of allotment of marks to ensure objectivity/equity.
- ➤ The CRC also functions as the Compensation Committee as prescribed under the SEBI (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999 and is empowered to formulate detailed terms and conditions of the scheme, administer, supervise the same and to allot shares in compliance with the guidelines and other applicable laws.
- ➤ To obtain necessary clearances and approvals from regulatory authorities, appoint merchant bankers and do such other things as may be necessary in respect of the Employees Stock Option Scheme.
- ➤ To oversee the administration of employee benefits, such as, provident fund, pension fund, gratuity, compensation for absence on privilege/sick/casual leave etc., which are recognized in accordance with Accounting Standard-15 (revised) specified in the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006.
- ➤ The CRC may suggest amendments to any stock option plans or incentive plans, provided that all amendments to such plans shall be subject to consideration and approval of the Board;
- Any other matters regarding remuneration to WTDs/MD&CEO and other staffs of the Bank as and when permitted by the Board.
- > To conduct the annual review of the Compensation Policy.
- > To fulfill such other powers and duties as may be delegated to it by the Board.
- b) Information relating to the design and structure of remuneration processes and the key features and objectives of remuneration policy.

The Bank has formed the compensation policy based on the Reserve Bank of India guidelines vide its circular no. DBOD.No.BC.72/29.67.001/2011-12 dtd. 13/01/2012.

The fixed remuneration and other allowances including retirement benefits of all subordinate, clerical and officers up to the rank of General Manager (Scale VII) is governed by the industry level wage settlement under Indian Banks Association (IBA) pattern. In respect of officers above the cadre of General Manager, the fixed remuneration is fixed by Board/Committee.

Further, the compensation structure for the Whole Time Directors (WTDs)/ Managing Director & Chief

Executive Officers (MD & CEO) of the bank are subject to approval of Reserve Bank of India in terms of Section 35 B of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949. The payment of compensation also requires approval of the shareholders of the Bank in the General Meeting pursuant to clause 95 of Articles of Association of the Bank read with the Section 309 (1) of the Companies Act, 1956.

c) Description of the ways in which current and future risks are taken into account in the remuneration processes. It should include the nature and type of the key measures used to take account of these risks.

The Board of Directors through the CRC shall exercise oversight and effective governance over the framing and implementation of the Compensation policy. Human Resource Management under the guidance of MD & CEO shall administer the compensation and Benefit structure in line with the best suited practices and statutory requirements as applicable.

d) Description of the ways in which the bank seeks to link performance during a performance measurement period with levels of remuneration.

The factors taken in to account for the annual review and revision in the variable pay and performance

bonus are:

- The performance of the Bank
- > The performance of the business unit
- > Individual performance of the employee,
- ➤ Other risk perceptions and economic considerations

Further, the Bank has not identified any employee as "risk taker" for the purpose of variable pay under

this compensation policy.

- e) A discussion of the bank's policy on deferral and vesting of variable remuneration and a discussion
 of the bank's policy and criteria for adjusting deferred remuneration before vesting and after
 vesting.
 - ➤ Where the variable pay constitutes a substantial portion of the fixed pay, i.e. 50% or more, an appropriate portion of the variable pay, i.e. 40% will be deferred for over a period of 3 years.
 - ➤ In case of deferral arrangements of variable pay, the deferral period shall not be less than three years. Compensation payable under deferral arrangements shall vest no faster than on a pro rata basis.

- ➤ The Board may adopt principles similar to that enunciated for WTDs/CEOs, as appropriate, for variable pay-timing, malus/clawback, guaranteed bonus and hedging.
- ➤ Employee Stock Option Scheme/Employee Stock Option Plan as may be framed by the Board from time to time in conformity with relevant statutory provisions and SEBI guidelines as applicable will be excluded from the components of variable pay.
- f) Description of the different forms of variable remuneration (i.e. cash, shares, ESOPs and other forms) that the bank utilizes and the rationale for using these different forms.
 - ➤ Variable pay means the compensation as fixed by the Board on recommendation of the Committee, which is based on the performance appraisal of an employee in that role, that is, how well they accomplish their goals. It may be paid as:
 - (i) Performance Linked Incentives to those employees who are eligible for incentives.
 - (ii) Ex-gratia for other employees who are not eligible for Performance linked Incentives.
 - (iii)Bonus for those staff members who are eligible for bonus under the Payment of Bonus Act, 1965.
 - (iv) Any other incentives, by whatever name called having the features similar to the above.

Qualitative disclosures

g)

Number of meetings held by the Remuneration Committee during the	5	
financial year		
Remuneration paid to its members.	Rs.0.23 Million a	as
	sitting fees.	

h)

Number of employees having received a variable remuneration award	1
during the financial year.	
Number of sign-on awards made during the financial year.	-
Total amount of sign-on awards made during the financial year.	-
Details of guaranteed bonus, if any, paid as joining / sign on bonus.	-
Details of severance pay, in addition to accrued benefits, if any.	-

i)

Total amount of outstanding deferred remuneration, split into cash, shares and share-linked instruments and other forms.	-
Total amount of deferred remuneration paid out in the financial year.	-

Breakdown of amount of remuneration awards for the financial year	(Rs. In Millions)
- Fixed	6.56
- Variable	1.37
- Deferred	-
- Non - Deferred	-
Total amount of outstanding deferred remuneration and retained remuneration exposed to ex post explicit and / or implicit	-
adjustments	
adjustments. Total amount of reductions during the financial year due to expost explicit adjustments.	-