#### PART-1

#### SETTLEMENT OF DEATH CLAIMS

#### 1. INTRODUCTION:

Death of a person is a turbulent period, both mentally and financially, for the members of the bereaved family. Speedy disposal of claim petitions of deceased depositors would be a solace to the legal heirs/nominee/survivor of the deceased depositor. The Bank has adopted the policy of effective and efficient handling of claim petitions by branches while ensuring that the money of deceased depositor is claimed by the proper persons who are entitled thereto.

Considering the hardships and delays faced by the claimants of money deposited by the deceased customer of the Banks, the Committee on Procedures and Performance Audit on Public Services (CPPAPS) constituted by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) had suggested that RBI may issue comprehensive guidelines in the matter and IBA may be asked to draft and circulate a comprehensive model operational procedure, which could be used by banks for settlement of claims of deceased depositors. Accordingly, IBA formed a Working Group to review the existing procedures being followed by banks for settlement of claims by the legal heirs of deceased constituents and to draft a model operational procedure (MOP) approved by the Managing Committee of IBA and Reserve Bank of India has been circulated to banks for adoption. IBA has also finalized the guidelines for settlement of claims in respect of deceased locker-hirers/depositors of safe custody articles.

#### 2. LEGAL POSITION

The legal position is quite clear in the matter of settlement of claims on the death of an individual. In the absence of nomination or clear mandate in respect of a joint account or a Will left behind by the deceased depositor, bank is required to pay the stock (balance outstanding) at the time of death of the person to all the legal heirs. Considering the risk involved, banks traditionally used to look for legal representation (in the form of a succession certificate, letter of administration or probate) for settlement of claims. The system of obtaining operational mandates in joint accounts emerged as a banking practice to overcome difficulties in settlement of claims in deceased accounts. Subsequently, the statutes were amended in 1985 to provide for nomination facility in bank deposits, safe deposit lockers and safe custody articles. However, since nomination facility is optional at the discretion of the depositor, problems and difficulties in settlement of claims in the event of death of an individual persist.

Reserve Bank of India vide circular No. DBOD.No.Leg.BC.95 /09.07.005/2004-05 dated 9<sup>th</sup> June, 2005 has issued detailed guidelines for evolving simplified procedure for settlement of claims in respect of deceased depositors. RBI vide Circular No.DBOD No.LEG.BC.78/09.07.005/2006-07 dated 17.04.2007 issued revised guidelines on various issues relating to safe deposit lockers/safe custody articles in supersession of all previous guidelines. As per Circular No.DBOD No.Leg.BC.80/09.07.005/2007-08 dated May 2, 2008 RBI issued guidelines for

settlement of claims in respect of missing persons. The model operational procedure incorporates the guidelines contained in the RBI circulars.

# A. <u>SETTLEMENT OF DEATH CLAIMS IN RESPECT OF DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS WHERE THERE IS NO NOMINATION/SURVIVORSHIP CLAUSE.</u>

#### 1. INTRODUCTION.

- 1.1 Inheritance of the assets of the deceased depends on his religion and relative Succession Acts. Hence the claimants who approach for settlement of claims of deceased depositors etc. the following details should be furnished to the branch.
  - i) The religion of the deceased depositor/account holder.
  - ii) Whether the deceased died intestate (i.e. without making a Will).
  - iii) If the deceased had left any Will, whether the Will has been probated (Please note that probate of Will is not mandatory in all cases)
  - iv) Who are the legal heirs of the deceased.
  - v) The age and relationship of the legal heirs.
  - vi) Details of deposits in the name of the deceased.

Any other data as may be found necessary by the branches may also be called for.

1.2 The claimants should submit a claim application form as per *Annexure-1*.

#### 2. **LEGAL TERMINOLOGY**

Please refer to **Table A** to understand some of the legal expressions pertaining to settlement of claims.

#### 3. WHAT IS A CLAIM AND WHO IS TO CLAIM:

- 3.1 The claimants are generally the legal heirs of the deceased or beneficiaries under a Will or Settlement etc. When the depositor dies intestate, the legal heirs would be the claimants.
- 3.2 If the deceased has left any Will, the beneficiaries under the Will, will be the claimants. Hence the beneficiary under the Will shall submit a copy of the Will to the branch. A declaration should be submitted by all the legal heirs stating that the Will produced to the Bank is the last Will of the deceased and the same was not cancelled or amended during the life time of testator and requesting the Bank to act upon the Will. The specimen of Declaration is given in Annexure-2. In case the Will is silent over Bank accounts, the claim will have to be preferred by the legal heirs despite the existence of a Will.
- 3.3 If any Court of Law has granted Probate or Letters of Administration, the authorized persons in whose favour the Probate or Letter of Administration has been issued is entitled to prefer the claim on behalf of the legal heirs.

- 3.4 If Succession Certificate has been issued in favour of any person by the Court of Law that persons alone will be entitled to prefer the claim.
- 3.5 In the case of Deposits in the names of minor(s), if a claim arises before maturity of the deposit, it will be settled only in favour of the legal heirs and not in favour of guardian alone. However, the guardian may claim as one of the legal heirs of minor.

#### 4. MINOR AS A CLAIMANT.

4.1 MINOR means any person who has not completed the age of 18 years of age. In cases where the Court has appointed guardian for the minor, then the minor will attain the age of majority only on completion of 21 years of age.

A minor is incompetent to enter into any contract as per Indian Contract Act.

4.1.1 GUARDIAN means a person having the care of the person of a minor or his property or both. There are different types of guardians, viz. Natural Guardian, Testamentary Guardian, Court appointed Guardian and De-Facto Guardian.

If there are any minor(s) among the legal heirs of the deceased, the following guidelines should be adhered to.

#### 4.2 HINDU/CHRISTIANS:

- 4.2.1 Father is the natural guardian of his minor sons/daughters and if the father is not alive, mother of minor is the natural guardian.
- 4.2.2 In case both father and mother are not alive, only a person appointed by the Court can act as guardian for the minors.

#### 4.3 MOHAMMEDANS.

The order of guardianship is as under:-

- i) Father
- ii) Person appointed by Father's Will
- iii) Father's father
- iv) Person appointed by the Will of Father's Father.

In the case of Mohammedans, the mother cannot act as guardian.

v) In the absence of above persons, only a person appointed by the Court can act as guardian of the property of minor.

#### 5. FORMULA FOR SETTLEMENT OF CLAIM AMOUNT/ASSETS:

Legal heirs entitled to receive the claim amount/assets depends upon the religion of the deceased, relevant Act applicable and the class of legal heirs. The persons who are entitled to receive the claim amount and their shares are given in **TABLE-B.** 

The question of working out the shares will arise only when minors are involved or any of the sharers insist on payment of their shares separately.

# 6. PROCEDURE FOR SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS UPTO Rs.50000/- (Threshold limit)

- 6.1 Up to Rs.50000/-, Branch Managers have been given discretionary powers to settle the claim from the legal heirs of deceased depositor.
- 6.2 In respect of claims up to Rs.50000/-, the claimants legal heirs shall submit attested copy of death certificate and letter of indemnity. Please see *Annexure-3* for specimen of indemnity from legal heirs.

#### 7. PROCEDURE FOR SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS ABOVE Rs.50000/-.

- 7.1 In respect of claims above Rs.50000/-, as soon as all details are furnished by the claimants, the matter will be taken up with Regional Office or Head Office, depending upon the amount of claim and extant delegation of powers.
- 7.2 Wherever Legal Heirship Certificates by the Tahasildar are not produced, the legal heirs have to submit a notarized affidavit, as per format given in **Annexure-4**.
- 7.3 All legal heirs of deceased depositor as well as two outsiders having net worth at least equivalent to the claim amount should furnish an indemnity to the Bank. Please see *Annexure-5* for specimen of indemnity of legal heirs and two outsiders.

# 8. GENERAL TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR SETTLEMENT OF ALL CLAIMS IRRESPECTIVE OF THE AMOUNT INVOLVED:

- 8.1 The Claim Application, as per the specimen given in *Annexure- 1,* should be filled up by the claimants.
- 8.2 Death Certificate of the deceased depositor should be furnished.
- 8.3 Proof of identity of legal heirs, such as Election ID Card, PAN Card or Passport or any other satisfactory proof of identification acceptable to the Bank should be furnished.
- 8.4 In case where the deceased has left a Will, a declaration should be given by all the legal heirs as per specimen given in *Annexure-2*. In cases where probate of Will is mandatory as mentioned in Para 4.1 of Table-A, probate order of the Will should be produced.
- 8.5 The format of Receipt from all the legal heirs is given in *Annexure-6*.
- 8.6 Wherever there is more than one claimant, all the claimants should come to the branch to receive the amount. If any claimant(s) reside(s) outstation or if they are not able to come in person, then such claimants may authorize one

among the other claimants to receive payment on behalf of all of them. Draft of the letter of authority is given in *Annexure-7*.

The signature(s) of claimants in the letter of authority should be attested by an Authority acceptable to the Bank.

- 8.7 Where the amount is more than Rs.20000/- payment will be made only by means of account payee Pay Order/Demand Draft or account credit.
- 8.8 When claim of minors are involved, normally the share of minor(s) has to be deposited till the minor attains the age of majority. However, in exceptional circumstances when the **natural guardian** of the minor wants the proceeds immediately, a Declaration from the natural guardian is to be given as per specimen in **Annexure-8**.
- 8.9 The claim petition will be disposed of **within a period of one month** from the date on which the requisite documents have been submitted to the branch.
- 8.10 The deceased depositor as well as the claimants should not be indebted to the Bank in any capacity as Borrower, Co-obligant or Guarantor.

# B. <u>SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS OF DECEASED DEPOSITORS WHERE THERE IS SURVIVORSHIP CLAUSE.</u>

#### 1. What is survivorship?

- 1.1 A joint account opened as "Either or Survivor" or "Anyone or Survivors" or "Former or Survivor" or "Latter or Survivor" will permit the surviving account holder(s) to have unimpeded access to the credit balance in the account for withdrawal if one of the co-account holders dies.
- 1.2 If the mandate of survivorship is given / provided, the survivor(s) can give a valid discharge to the bank in the case of "Either or Survivor" / "Anyone or Survivors" and "Former or Survivor" / "Latter or Survivor" joint accounts.
- 1.3 In short, payment to survivor(s) can be made in the normal course subject to the only rider that there is no order from a competent court restraining the bank from making such payment.
- 2. Joint Account with mandate "Former or Survivor" / "Latter or Survivor" WITHOUT NOMINATION:

#### 2.1 Savings Account / Current Account

- (a) In the event of death of former / latter as the case may be the balance outstanding will be paid to the survivor on verification of proof of death of the depositor.
- (b) In the event of death of both the joint account holders, the balance outstanding will be paid to legal heirs (or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of depositors.

#### 2.2 Term Deposit Account

- (a) In the event of death of Former / Latter depositor as the case may be, the balance outstanding will be paid to the survivor on verification of proof of death of the depositor on maturity of deposit.
- (b) In the event of death of both the joint account holders, the balance outstanding will be paid to legal heirs (or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of depositors on maturity of deposit.

#### 2.2.1 Premature termination of Term Deposit Account

- (a) In the event of death of former / latter depositor as the case may be premature termination of the deposit will be allowed against request from surviving depositor as per the terms of the contract on verification of the proof of the death of the depositor.
- (b) In the event of death of both the joint account holders, the legal heirs (or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) will have the right to seek premature termination of term deposit account as per the terms of contract on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of depositors.

# 3. Joint account with mandate "Either or Survivor" / "Anyone or Survivors" without nomination:

#### 3.1 Savings Account / Current Account

- (a) In the event of death of one of the joint account holders the balance outstanding will be paid jointly to survivor(s) on verification of proof of death of the depositor.
- (b) In the event of death of both / all the account holders, the balance outstanding will be paid jointly to the legal heirs (or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of depositors.

#### 3.2 Term Deposit Account

- (a) In the event of death of one of the joint account holders, the payment will be made to the survivor(s) on verification of proof of death of the depositor on maturity of deposit.
- (b) In the event of death of both / all the joint account holders, the balance outstanding will be paid jointly to the legal heir(s) (or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of depositors on maturity of deposit.

#### 3.2.1 Premature termination of Term Deposit Account

- (a) In the event of death of one of the joint account holders, premature termination will be permitted to survivor(s) as per the terms of contract on verification of proof of death of depositor.
- (b) In the event of death of both / all the account holders, premature termination will be permitted against joint request by all legal heirs of the deceased (or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) as per the terms of contract on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of depositors.

#### C. CLAIMS IN RESPECT OF MISSING PERSONS

#### 1. Legal Position

The settlement of claims in respect of missing persons would be governed by the provisions of Sections 107/108 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872. Section 107 deals with presumption of continuance and Section 108 deals with presumption of death. As per the provisions of Section 108 of Indian Evidence Act, presumption of death can be raised only after a lapse of seven years from the date of his/her being reported missing. As such, nominee/legal heirs have to raise an express presumption of death of the depositor/customer under Section 107/108 of the Indian Evidence Act before a competent Court. If the Court presumes that he/she is dead, then the claim in respect of a missing person can be settled as is done for any other accounts of the deceased.

# 2. <u>Settlement of Claims in respect of missing persons within the threshold</u> limit.

As per the extant guidelines, claims in respect of deposit accounts up to Rs.50,000/- is considered as within the threshold limit and in such cases Branch Managers are authorized to settle the claims following a simplified procedure. Therefore, in respect of missing persons also claims up to Rs.50,000/- is considered as threshold limit and branches are allowed to settle the claims from the nominee/legal heirs/survivor(s) of missing persons on production of the following documents:-

- (a) FIR for reporting missing of a person. It should be confirmed that 7 years have elapsed since the date of reported missing.
- (b) Non-traceable report issued by police authorities.
- (c) Letter of Indemnity.
- (d) Other documents applicable for Death Claims up to the Threshold limit.

# 3. <u>Settlement of Claims in respect of missing persons above the threshold limit.</u>

In respect of claims of deceased depositors above the threshold limit, i.e. above Rs.50,000/-, in addition to the documents stipulated for Settlement of Death Claims, Order issued by competent Court raising express presumption of death of the depositor/customer under Sections 107/108 of Indian Evidence Act has to be produced, so as to settle the claims to the nominee/legal heirs/survivor(s).

#### D. SAFE DEPOSIT LOCKERS

#### 1. With Survivorship Clause.

- 1.1 At present Banking Regulation Act does not provide nomination facility in respect of lockers with "Either or Survivor" / "Former or Survivor" / "Anyone or Survivors" / "Latter or Survivor" mandate. Hence operational instructions are not given in this regard. The claims will be settled in terms of the survivorship mandate given by the customers.
- 1.2 In cases where there is valid nomination/clear survivorship clause, the claim from the nominees/survivors would be settled at branch level itself duly observing the above mentioned procedure on the basis of nomination/survivorship clause. In such cases branches will not insist for regular legal representation and also will not obtain any bond of indemnity or surety from the survivor(s)/Nominee(s).

#### 2. Without Nomination

- 2.1 In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the locker hirers, the surviving hirer(s) and legal heirs of the deceased hirer (or a person mandated by them) would be allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of hirer.
- 2.2 In the event of death of both / all the joint locker hirers, all the legal heirs (or any one of them as mandated by all the legal heirs) would be allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on verification of authority of legal heirs and proof of death of locker hirers.

#### 3. Procedure to be followed.

- 3.1 On receipt of notice of death of a sole hirer or of the last survivor of the joint hirers, the locker would be sealed with the Bank's seal and a note to this effect will be made in all the respective records as well as in the Declaration Card.
- 3.2 Branches may at their discretion, on production of satisfactory evidence, permit a legal representative of the deceased to inspect the contents of the locker to enable him/her to obtain necessary succession certificate or any other legal representation.
- 3.3 Where there is succession certificate, probate of a Will or letter of administration, the successor, executor or the administrator respectively shall have the power to deal with the contents of the locker.
- 3.4 In the absence of regular legal representation, branches will follow the undermentioned procedures:
  - a. The claimants/legal heirs of the deceased hirer should furnish necessary particulars in the claim format, which is ordinarily obtained in deposit accounts.
  - b. A request letter should be taken from all the legal heirs requesting the Bank to open the locker for the purpose of inventory.
  - c. The branch will then fix up a date and time for making any inventory and accordingly an inventory will be taken in the presence of all legal heirs/their duly constituted attorney/ies, two respectable witnesses (should not be employees or ex-employees of the Bank), the valuer, the Safe Deposit Vault Custodian/Branch Manager and another Officer. Form for taking inventory is attached as <u>Annexure-9</u>. After making an inventory, the contents of the locker would be redeposited in the locker and the locker will be sealed.

- d. Thereafter, the branch would forward the inventory papers to the Regional Offices to enable them to consider delivering the contents against usual indemnity by the claimant/s and sureties (wherever necessary) who are considered good for the amount involved.
- e. On receipt of approval from Regional Offices, the claimant/s would be allowed to remove the contents of the locker after signing an indemnity and a letter of surrender together with key and after complying with such other instructions as may be given by the Regional Office.
- f. Where an inventory is to be taken in terms of a Court Order, it would be done in the presence of (i) the Court's representative (ii) the claimant(s) to the contents of the locker held by the deceased hirer, (iii) the valuer and (iv) two Officers of the branch. The inventory would enumerate the contents of the locker and it should be signed by those in whose presence the locker has been opened. The valuer's assessment of the value of each item of the inventory will be made in triplicate, one copy to the Court, the second to the claimant and the third to be retained on branch records.
- 3.5 As per the extant policy of the Bank, a threshold limit as Rs.50,000/- is fixed, up to which the claims are allowed to be settled merely based on copy of death certificate and indemnity from the legal heirs themselves.
- 3.6 As per the procedure prescribed by IBA, in cases where the hirer(s) of Safe Deposit Locker/Safe Custody has expired without making nomination and survivorship clause, an inventory has to be prepared in the presence of all the heirs, two respectable witnesses known to the branch, the valuer, Safe Deposit Vault Custodian/Branch Manager and another Officer.
- 3.7 Accordingly, if the nature of articles kept in the locker like gold etc. is capable of easy valuation and if such value is less than Rs.50,000/- and/or where the contents of locker are not of great importance, Regional Offices are empowered to accord sanction for settlement of claims of legal heirs of deceased hirer of Safe Deposit Locker/Safe Custody where there in no nomination/survivorship clause, only on the basis of death certificate and indemnity from all the legal heirs. In all other cases, Regional Offices are allowed to sanction settlement of claims on obtaining proper legal representation.

#### E. SAFE CUSTODY ARTICLES

Generally, safe custody articles are not accepted in joint names. Even if accepted in joint names, nomination facility is not provided. Nomination facility is available only in the case of individual depositor / sole proprietary concern.

In the case of Safe Custody Articles also, all the procedures with regard to Safe Deposit Lockers shall be complied with and in cases where there is no nomination/survivorship clause, the claim petition would be taken up with Regional Office for appropriate sanction/direction. The forms of inventory for Safe Deposit Articles with Nomination/Survivorship Clause and without Nomination/Survivorship Clause are given in *Annexure-14* and *Annexure-15* respectively.

#### F. SETTLEMENT OF OTHER CLAIMS:

#### GOLD LOAN ACCOUNTS.

1.1 Request from legal heirs of deceased pawners for closure of accounts and redemption of ornaments will be allowed to be settled at various levels subject

to the limits as in the case of deposit accounts treating the **market value** of the ornaments pledged with the bank as the amount of claim in such cases.

1.2 Proper receipts/acknowledgment specifically stating the particulars with proper description and gross/net weight of the ornaments should be furnished by the legal heirs/claimants.

#### 2. PROPERTY DOCUMENTS

With regard to the claims by the legal heirs of the mortgagors in respect of the property taken as security to the Bank in borrowal accounts, for return of title deeds deposited with the branches on settlement of dues, and if the deceased property owners are not liable to the Bank in any other accounts, Regional Offices are empowered to dispose of such cases.

### **G. NOMINATION FACILITY**

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 Nomination is the facility made available to depositors whereby in case of death of depositors, the nominee can easily withdraw the deposits without going through the cumbersome procedures of obtaining succession certificates or letter of administration or probate of Will etc. The nomination facility was introduced with the intention of minimizing the hardships caused to the family members on the death of depositor.
- 1.2 The Banking Company (Nomination) Rules form part of the Banking Regulation Act. The nomination facility simplifies the procedure for settlement of claims of deceased depositors as the bank will get a valid discharge by making payment of the balance outstanding in a depositor's account at the time of his death or delivering contents of locker or articles kept in safe custody to the nominee.
- 1.3 Nomination facility is purely voluntary and at the discretion of the depositor(s)/hirer(s). Nomination facilitates hassle free settlement of claims in the unfortunate event of death of depositor/hirer. It is made clear to the depositors/hirers that the nomination is introduced solely for the purpose of simplifying the procedure for settlement of claims of deceased depositors and nomination facility does not take away the rights of legal heirs on the estate of the deceased. The nominee would be receiving the money/stock from the bank as a trustee of the legal heirs.

#### (a) DEPOSITS.

#### 2. TYPES OF ACCOUNTS.

- 2.1 Nomination can be made in respect of all types of deposit accounts held jointly or singly including sole proprietorship accounts. However, nomination facility is not available for the following types of deposit accounts.
  - ii) Accounts held in the representative capacity Eg. As trustee, as liquidator, as treasurer etc.
  - iii) Accounts held in the capacity of partnership firm.

- iv) Accounts of joint stock companies/associations/clubs and such other organizations.
- 2.2 The essence of the rule is that the facility should be available only to individual account holders in their own capacity singly or jointly. Since an overdraft account is not a deposit account, no nomination facility is available for credit balance held in overdraft accounts.
- 2.3 Nomination facility is available for non-resident accounts also, i.e. for NRE, NRO, FCNR, RFC and the following types of accounts:
  - Accounts opened by foreign nationals who are permanently resident in India.
  - ii) Accounts opened by foreign nationals who are staying in India for pursuing studies, employment, business etc.
  - iii) Accounts opened by foreign nationals who are on a temporary visit to India for tour purposes.

#### 3. WHO IS TO NOMINATE AND WHEN?

- 3.1 The account holder(s) only can nominate. In the case of joint deposits with other individuals, the nomination shall be done by the depositors jointly. In the case of joint deposits, the right to the nominee arises only on the death of all the joint depositors.
- 3.2 Nomination can be accepted either at the time of opening the account or at any time subsequently during the period in which the deposit is held by the Bank to the credit of the depositor.
- 3.3 A nominee cannot appoint another nominee as the right to make nomination vests with the depositor(s) alone.
- 3.4 If the depositor is a minor, the nomination should be made by a person lawfully entitled to act on behalf of the minor. In such cases the nomination should be made by the natural guardian or the person who is lawfully entitled to act on behalf of the minor. When the minor attains majority a fresh nomination form or a consent letter should be given by the depositor (erstwhile minor).

#### 4. WHO CAN BE A NOMINEE?

- 4.1 Nomination can be accepted in favour of an individual only. Nomination can be made in favour of only one person and nomination in favour of more than one person shall never be accepted, even if deposit is held by two or more individuals jointly. Further a nominee cannot be an Association, Society, Trustee or any other organization or Office bearer in his official capacity.
- 4.2 A minor can also be appointed as a nominee. However, in such cases, the depositor may appoint another individual, not being a minor, to receive the amount of deposit on behalf of the nominee in the event of death of the depositor(s) during the minority of the nominee.

#### 5. HOW NOMINATION IS TO BE MADE?

- 5.1 In the case of Deposits, the nomination shall be made in Form DA1.
- 5.2 Each deposit application shall be accompanied by separate nomination form, If the depositor wishes to appoint a nominee.
- 5.3 In case the depositor is having several deposit accounts in which no nomination was made previously, then nomination can be made through single DA1 form, if the same individual is nominated as nominee for all the deposit accounts, duly entering the details of deposit accounts.
- As the signature of nominee is not required to be put at the time of accepting nomination, Form DA1 should be got properly filled up in all respects. Witnessing of nomination is not necessary in all the cases. It has to be witnessed by two witnesses and Manager / Asst. Manager only in those cases where the depositor(s) is/are affixing thump impression.

#### 6. CANCELLATIONS AND VARIATIONS.

- 6.1 The depositors are at liberty to change or cancel the nomination at any time. There is no restriction as to the number of times a nomination can be cancelled/varied. Form DA-2 should be used for cancellation of nomination and Form DA-3 should be used for variation of nomination.
- 6.2 Branches may allow variation/cancellation of a subsisting nomination by all the surviving depositor(s) acting together. This is also applicable to deposits having operating instructions "Either or Survivor".

#### 7. **SETTLEMENT OF CLAIMS UNDER NOMINATION:**

- 7.1 The right of the nominee arises only on the death of depositor or death of all the depositors in the case of joint deposits. As soon as information as to the death of the depositor(s) is received at the branch, branch would make discrete enquiries and the authenticity of the information should be confirmed. Then branch will send a letter to the nominee as per the format given in *Annexure-10*. This letter will be sent only in cases where branch gets information about death of depositor, but no claim is made by the nominee. In the case of joint deposits, such letter will be sent only on the death of all the depositors. The fact of death of depositor(s) would be noted in the computer system/ledger folio.
- 7.2 When the nominee of deceased depositor makes claim for the deposit(s), the following documents should be furnished to the branch:
  - i) Claim Application as per specimen given in *Annexure-11*.
  - Death certificate issued by Municipality / Corporation / Panchayat / Registrar of Births and Deaths or other authority acceptable to the Bank.

iii) For identifying the nominee, Election ID Card, PAN Card or Passport or any other satisfactory proof of identification acceptable to the Bank should be furnished.

It is made clear that the nominee would be receiving the payment from the bank as a trustee of the legal heirs of the deceased depositor, i.e. such payment to him/her shall not affect the right or claim which any person may have against the nominee to whom the payment is made.

As payment to the nominee would be a valid discharge to the Bank, branches will not insist for succession certificate, letter of administration or probate or obtain any bond of indemnity or surety from the nominee, irrespective of the amount standing to the credit of the account of deceased deposit holder.

7.3 The amount of deposit(s) may be paid to the nominee after getting a receipt duly stamped (As per *Annexure-12*). There may be cases in which despite appointment of nominee, depositor(s) would have dealt with the deposits in a different manner in the Will executed by him/her. Under such circumstances, the Bank will be discharged by paying the deposit amounts to the nominee as per the Bank's records. It is between the nominee and the other claimants to settle the matter between them. However, if any Court has restrained Bank from making payment of deposit(s) to the nominee, the Order of the Court will be obeyed.

In cases where there is simultaneous claims by both a nominee and legal heirs holding any decree, order, certificate or other authority from a court of competent jurisdiction relating to such deposit(s)/securities produced, the branches would take due notice of such decree, order, certificate or other authority and abide by such order.

Succession Certificate is also an order/certificate of a competent court, and hence if the said certificate includes the deposits with our Bank also, then branches will abide by the said Order and release the deposits to the holder of succession certificate, unless there is an order of any other competent court restraining the bank from making payment.

- 7.4 In case where minor is appointed as nominee and if the depositor dies before the minor attains majority, then the person appointed to receive the amount on behalf of minor has to prefer the claim format and he shall execute the receipt.
- 7.5 If the nominee is an illiterate person, the left hand thumb impression of the nominee should be properly witnessed.
- 7.6 Whenever, the claim amount is in excess of Rs.20,000/- payment would be made to the nominee by Pay Order/Demand Draft/account credit of the nominee.

- 7.7 In cases where the depositor as well as nominee dies before closure of the account or settlement of the claim to the nominee, then the claim would be settled in favour of legal heirs of deceased depositor(s) only.
- 7.8 In the case of joint deposits, if one of the depositors dies and the nominee requests inclusion of his name in the deposit or deletion of any other name, such requests will not be accepted by branches. However, in the case of term deposits in the name of a single person only, if the nominee requests for substituting his name in place of the deceased depositor, such requests can be accepted subject to the following conditions:
  - a) Substitution of name of nominee can be accepted only in the case of term deposits.
  - b) The procedure for identifying the nominee mentioned above would be followed.
  - c) Before substituting the name of nominee, braches would confirm the correctness of the claim of the nominee.
  - d) Claim format and stamped receipt would be obtained from the nominee and a separate specimen signature card would be obtained from the nominee. However, fresh account opening form need not be submitted.
  - e) After substituting the name as above, if the depositor intends to nominate another person such a request would be acceded to by obtaining Form DA-1.
  - f) In cases where the Deposit Receipt is pledged as security for any loan/limit, the facility of substitution of the name of the nominee would not be permitted.
  - g) Substitution of name is only an additional facility given to the nominee upon the death of depositor. If the nominee opts for settlement of claim in the normal course i.e. either before or after maturity such requests could be accepted by branches.
  - h) In the case of joint deposits, substitution of name of nominee would be permitted only on the death of all the depositors.

#### 8. **RIGHTS OF A NOMINEE**

- 8.1 As per the Banking Company (Nomination) Rules, on the death of the sole depositor or all the depositors as the case may be, the nominee is entitled to the following rights:-
- 8.1.1 To receive the principal money along with accrued interest on account of the deposit in respect of which he is nominated.
- 8.1.2 The nominee is not entitled to receive the periodical interest during the currency of deposit. However, on maturity of the deposit, the principal as well as accrued interest may be paid to the nominee at the time of settling the claim.

- 8.1.3 The nominee is entitled to get the account closed prematurely, subject to identification and other procedures mentioned above. Wherever, nominee has to sign, the word "Nominee" may be added beneath his signature to indicate the capacity in which he is claiming.
- 8.1.4 The nominee is not entitled to raise loan on the security of deposit.

#### 9. TIME LIMIT FOR SETTLEMENT OF CLAIM TO THE NOMINEE

9.1 Where there are valid nomination, subject to confirmation of death of depositor and identification of nominee, branches themselves are authorized to make payment to the nominee complying with all the guidelines stipulated hereinabove, without referring to RO/HO. Payment would be made to the nominee within a period of 15 days from the date of claim subject to the production of proof of death of the depositor and suitable identification of nominee, to the satisfaction of the branch.

#### (b) SAFE DEPOSIT LOCKERS AND SAFE CUSTODY ARTICLES:

# 10. NOMINATION RULES IN RESPECT OF SAFE DEPOSIT LOCKERS AND SAFE CUSTODY ARTICLES:

#### 10.1 Types of lockers/safe custody articles.

The facility is available to lockers held in individual capacity either singly or jointly. Hence lockers hired in representative capacity such as Trustee, Liquidator or in the name of Companies, Associations etc. are not eligible for this facility. In the case of Safe Custody Articles also, the facility is available to only a depositor who has deposited the article for safe custody in his individual capacity. The facility is not available if the safe custody article is deposited jointly by more than one individual.

#### 10.2 Who is to nominate and when?

- 10.2.1 Only the locker hirer/depositor of safe custody article can make nomination. If locker is hired by more than one individual, the nomination shall be made jointly by all the hirers.
- 10.2.1 Nomination can be accepted at any time as long as all the hirers are alive and the contract of locker hire is in force. So also, nomination in respect of the safe custody articles can be accepted at any time as long as the article is in Bank's custody.
- 10.2.2 For each locker/safe custody article, a separate nomination application would be required. However, where there are already some lockers/safe custody articles held/deposited by an individual and no nomination has been made in respect of them, then nomination for all such lockers/articles can be exercised through a single nomination application form provided the same individual is appointed as a nominee for all the lockers/articles.
- 10.2.3 A nominee cannot appoint another nominee.

- 10.2.4 Where the locker/article is hired/deposited by a minor, the nomination in such cases should be made by a person lawfully entitled to act on behalf of the minor.
- 10.2.5 In the case of jointly hired lockers, on the death of one of the hirers, no further operations should be allowed. The locker would be vacated observing the prescribed procedure and the contents of the locker would be handed over to the nominee and the surviving hirers jointly.

#### 10.3 Who can be a nominee?

- 10.3.1 Nomination will be accepted in favour of individuals only. A nominee cannot be an Association, Society, Trustee or any other organization or Office bearer in his official capacity.
- 10.3.2 In the case of lockers/safe custody articles hired/deposited by sole hirer/depositor, nomination will be accepted in favour of one individual only.
- 10.3.3 In the case of lockers hired jointly by two or more individuals, nomination can be made in favour of more than one person.
- 10.3.4 A minor can also be appointed as a nominee to receive the contents of a SDL/SCA. But at the time of nomination itself, the person who is entitled to receive the contents of SDL/SCA on behalf of the minor nominee should be specified.
- 10.3.5 Illiterate persons can also be appointed as a nominee.

#### 10.4 How nomination is to be made?

All the provisions as applicable to deposits are applicable to SDL/SCA also. The relevant application formats for nomination for SDL and SCA are as follows:

Form SL1 - When locker is hired solely by an individual.

Form SL1A - If locker is hired jointly by more than one individual.

Form SC1 - For safe custody articles.

#### 10.5 **Cancellation and Variation.**

10.5.1 The hirer/depositor can vary or cancel the nomination at any time during the period the locker is on hire/the SCA is held by the Bank. The relevant application forms are as under:-

Form SL2 - For cancellation.

Form SL3 - For variation (when locker is hired solely)
Form SL3A - For variation (when locker is hired jointly)

Form SC2 - For cancellation of nomination for safe custody article.

Form SC3 - For variation of nomination for safe custody article.

All other procedural aspects of effecting variation/cancellation are same as in the case of deposits.

#### 10.6 Settlement of claims under Nomination.

In the matter of settlement of claims also, all the procedural aspects applicable for deposit would be followed. Besides, the following additional aspects have to be complied with:-

- 10.6.1 If the nominee is in possession of the locker key, he will be requested to call on the branch on a convenient day after fixing up prior appointment with the Branch Manager to remove and receive the contents of the locker.
- 10.6.2 In the event of death of one (or more but not all) of the joint locker hirers the nominee(s) will be jointly allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on identification and verification of proof of death of the locker hirer(s) along with surviving hirer(s).
- 10.6.3 In the event of death of both/all joint locker hirers the nominee(s) will be allowed to access the locker and remove the contents on establishing his/her/their identity and verification of proof of death of the hirers.

Before permitting surviving hirer(s) and/or nominee(s) to remove the contents of the Safe Deposit Locker, branch will prepare an inventory of the articles in their presence along with two witnesses.

- 10.6.4 In case of lockers in the name of joint names, if one of the joint hirers dies, then the nominee as well as the surviving hirers would be called to the branch for the above purpose. The surviving hirers alone will not be allowed to take away the contents of the locker.
- In case the nominee is not in possession of the key, the nominee has to give a letter to that effect and requesting the bank to arrange for breaking open the locker. A suitable date for breaking open the locker will be fixed. Necessary charges for breaking open the locker would be collected from the nominee.
- 10.6.6 While removing the contents of the locker, the following procedure would be observed:
  - a) Any dues to the Bank towards locker rent etc. would be collected from the nominee.
  - b) The locker would be opened/broken open in the presence of the nominee and in the presence of the survivors, if any, and two witnesses who are well known and acceptable to the Bank and officials of the Bank.
  - c) The details of the articles removed from the locker would be noted in the inventory form as detailed in *Annexure-13*. However, sealed packets found in the locker will not be opened.
  - d) The inventory form has to be signed by the nominee, survivor(s) if any, and the witnesses.

- e) After obtaining the receipt duly stamped and signed by the nominee and survivor, if any, the contents will be handed over to the nominee and survivor, if any.
- f) The locker account would be closed observing all usual procedures.
- g) If the nominee and/or the survivor(s) request for the same locker or any other locker (subject to availability) the same may be allotted on obtaining fresh agreement and by observing usual procedures.
- 10.6.7 In the case of safe custody articles, the nominee would be asked to produce the Safe Custody Receipt. The claim will be settled duly identifying the nominee as per the procedure.
- 10.6.8 Arrears of Safe Custody Charges, if any, would be collected from the nominee.
- 10.6.9 The article will be produced before the nominee in the presence of two witnesses who are well known and acceptable to the bank along with the original application for safe custody in order to enable the nominee to identify the article. If the article is in a sealed packet, branch will not insist on opening of the packet before handing over.
- 10.6.10 All other procedural aspects as applicable for deposits would be complied with.

### H. MISCELLANEOUS

#### SPLITTING OF TERM DEPOSIT.

On the death of the depositor, the Bank may on the request from the legal heirs split the amount of Deposit standing in the name of the deceased depositor, and issue deposit receipts individually in the name of the legal heirs. Such splitting of deposits shall not be construed as premature withdrawal of the term deposit, provided the period and aggregate amount of the deposit do not undergo any change. The procedure is as under:-

- a) Fresh application is not required from legal heirs/representatives. However, separate specimen signature cards to be provided by all the legal heirs/representatives.
- The legal heir(s) in possession of the split deposit receipt may encash before maturity or obtain duplicate receipt or deal with deposit individually.

#### 2. TREATMENT OF FLOWS IN THE NAME OF THE DECEASED DEPOSITOR.

With regard	to the	treatment	of flov	ws in the na	ame of the	deceas	ed deposi	itor,
branches	may	open	an	account	styled	as	"Estate	of
Sri		-		, the Deceas	sed with a	uthoriza	ation from	the
survivor/nom	inee/leg	gal heirs fo	or cred	diting the pip	peline flows	s in the	name of	the
deceased de	positor	with a stip	oulatio	n that no wi	thdrawals s	shall be	allowed.	On
completion o	f all the	inflows int	o the a	account, the	proceeds of	of the ac	count may	be

paid to the respective survivor/nominee/legal heirs by observing all the usual procedures.

# 3. PAYMENT OF INTEREST IN CASE OF TERM DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS OF DECEASED DEPOSITOR(S):

In the case of a term deposit standing in the name/s of (1) a deceased individual depositor or (2) two or more joint depositor(s), where one of the depositors has died, interest shall be paid in the manner indicated below:-

- a) On the date of maturity interest shall be paid at the contracted rate.
- b) In case of premature withdrawal, interest will be paid at applicable rate with reference to the period for which the deposit has remained with the Bank without charging penalty.
- c) In the event of death of the depositor before the date of maturity of the deposit and the amount of deposit is claimed after the date of maturity, the bank shall pay interest at the contracted rate till the date of maturity. From the date of maturity to the date of payment, the bank shall pay simple interest at the applicable rate operative on the date of maturity, for the period for which the deposit remained with the bank beyond the date of maturity.
  - However, in the case of death of the depositor after the date of maturity of the deposit, the bank shall pay interest at savings deposit rate operative on the date of maturity from the date of maturity till the date of payment.
- d) In the case of a NRE deposit when the claimants are residents, the deposit on maturity will be treated as domestic rupee deposit and interest be paid for the subsequent period at a rate applicable to the domestic deposit of a similar maturity.

#### 4. CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

In the case of balances lying in current account standing in the name of a deceased individual depositor/sole proprietorship concern, interest would be paid only from 1<sup>st</sup> May, 1983, or from the date of death of depositor, whichever is later, till the date of repayment to the claimant/s at the rate of interest applicable to savings deposit as on the date of payment.

# **TABLE A**

#### 1. Testamentary Succession/disposition:

- i) The property of the deceased is distributed either by way of Testamentary disposition or Intestate disposition. Testamentary succession/disposition means distribution of the property of the deceased on the basis of a Will.
- ii) When a person leaves a Will/Codicil bequeathing his/her property, it is known as Testamentary disposition. On the other hand, when a person dies without any Will, the property will be distributed/inherited by the legal heirs as per the succession law by which the deceased was governed. Disposition of property in this manner is known as **Intestate disposition** or **intestate succession**.

#### 2. WILL:

- i) "WILL" means the legal declaration of the intention of a testator (one who makes a Will) with respect to his property which he desires to be carried into effect after his death. It includes a Codicil also. A Will comes into operation only on the death of the testator. A Will can be revoked at any time by the testator during his life time. A Will is ambulatory in the sense that it is effective only from the date of death of the testator and till such time, it has no effect and it can be changed or revoked by the testator. If there is any mistake in a Will, it cannot be rectified by any Court of Law. No consideration is required for making a Will.
- ii) A Will may be made:
  - a) For disposal of the property of the testator after his death and for appointing an executor;
  - b) For appointing a testamentary guardian;
  - c) For exercising a power of appointment.
  - d) For revoking or altering a previous Will.
- iii) A minor is legally incompetent to make a Will and a Will by minor is not a legal declaration.
- iv) A Will may be in any form. It may be written in any language and no technical words are necessary. A Will need not be stamped as it is exempted from stamp duty.
- v) A declaration in a Will should relate to the property of the testator which he intends to dispose of. If the declaration contains no such information, it is not a Will.
- vi) The Will shall be attested by two or more witnesses in the presence of the testator. A Will is not rendered void merely for the reason that it is witnessed by any of the beneficiaries under the Will.

vii) Mohammedan law restricts the power of testator to dispose of his property by Will only to the extent of  $1/3^{rd}$  of the net assets. Hence at least  $2/3^{rd}$  of the estate should thus be available for distribution amongst the heirs.

#### 3. CODICIL:

- i) A Codicil means an instrument made in relation to a Will and explaining, altering or adding to its dispositions and shall be deemed to form part of the Will. While obtaining a probate, a codicil alone will not be admitted to probate when the Will is lost and the terms of the codicil will be incapable of being carried out without the knowledge of what was in the lost Will. If the existence of the Will is not proved, the Codicil will not be admitted to probate.
- ii) A codicil is of a similar nature to a Will as regards both its purpose and the formalities relating to it. But in general, it is supplemental to and considered as annexed to a Will previously made, being executed for the purpose of adding to, varying or revoking the provisions of that Will.

#### 4. PROBATE:

- i) A Probate means a copy of a Will certified under the seal of a Court of competent jurisdiction with a grant of administration to the estate of the testator. A Probate is conclusive as to the representative title of the Executor to represent the estate. It is also conclusive proof as to the due execution of the Will and as to the genuineness of the Will.
- ii) The effect of grant of the Probate is that it establishes the factum of the Will and the legal character of the Executor and all the property both movable and immovable of the deceased Testator vests in the Executor as from the date of the death and as long as the grant stands, the Executor is the legal representative of the deceased.

#### 4.1 Whether Probate of Will is mandatory?

Probate of Wills is mandatory in the case of Wills made by any Hindu, Buddhist, Sikh or Jain where the Wills are made in the Presidency Towns, i.e., Chennai, Kolkatta and Mumbai and in cases where though the Will is executed at a place outside Chennai, Kolkatta and Mumbai, the subject matter of the Will situates at Chennai, Kolkatta or Mumbai.

#### 5. Executor:

Executor means a person to whom the execution of the last Will of a deceased person is, by the Testator's appointment confided. Executor also means the executor or the administrator of a deceased person.

#### 6. Letters of Administration:

Letters of Administration include any letters of administration, whether general or with a copy of the Will annexed or limited in time or otherwise. Letter of Administration are also granted under Section 232 of the Indian Succession Act. When a person dies leaving a Will without appointing an Executor or if the Executor appointed by the Will is legally incapable or refuses to act or who has died before the testator or before he has proved the Will, an Administrator can be appointed only by a competent court as distinguished from an Executor who can be appointed only by a person by his Will or Codicil.

#### 7. Administrator.

An Administrator means a person appointed by a competent authority to administer the estate of a deceased person when there is no Executor. If a person governed by Indian Succession Act dies without leaving a Will, a person is appointed to administer his estate, as provided in Section 218 and 219 of the Act. The person so appointed is called an administrator.

### **TABLE-B**

#### 1. Legal heirs under Hindu Succession Act, 1956:

#### A. In the case of a Hindu Male dying intestate:

#### i) Class I legal heirs:

Son, daughter, widow, mother, son of a predeceased son, daughter of a predeceased son, son of a predeceased daughter, daughter of a predeceased daughter, widow of the predeceased son, son of a predeceased son of a predeceased son, daughter of a predeceased son of a predeceased son.

#### ii) Class II legal heirs:

- I. Father
- II. 1. Son's daughter's son;
  - 2. Son's daughter's daughter;
  - 3. Brother;
  - 4. Sister.
- III. 1. Daughter's son's son;
  - 2. Daughter's son's daughter;
  - 3. Daughter's daughter's son;
  - 4. Daughter's daughter.
- IV. 1. Brother's son:
  - 2. Sister's son:
  - 3. Brother's daughter.
  - 4. Sister's daughter.

V. Father's father; Father's mother.

VI. Father's widow; Brother's widow

VII. Father's brother; Father's sister

VIII. Mother's father; Mother's mother.

IX. Mother's brother; Mother's sister.

### iii) Order of succession among heirs.

Among heirs specified above, those in Class I shall take simultaneously and to the exclusion of all other heirs. Those in the first entry in Class II shall be preferred to those in the second entry. Those in the second entry shall be preferred to those in the third entry; and so on in succession.

### iv) Distribution of property among heirs in Class I:

The property on an intestate shall be divided among the heirs in Class I in accordance with the following rules:

- RULE 1: The intestate's widow, or if there are more than one widow, all the widows together, shall take one share. (A Hindu male can have more than one wife legally if he has married before 1956).
- RULE 2: The surviving sons and daughters and the mother of the intestate shall each take one share.
- RULE 3: The heirs in the branch of each predeceased son or each predeceased daughter of the intestate shall take between them one share.
- RULE 4: The distribution of the share referred to in Rule 3.
  - (a) among the heirs in the branch of the predeceased son shall be so made that his widow (or widows together) and the surviving sons and daughters get equal portions, and the branch of his predeceased sons gets the same portion.
  - (b) among the heirs in the branch of the predeceased daughter shall be so made and the surviving sons and daughters get equal portion.

#### NOTE:

If a Hindu dies unmarried leaving behind him his mother, the mother shall get the entire property.

### v) Distribution of property among heirs in Class II.

The property of an intestate shall be divided between the heirs specified in one entry in Class II so that they share equally.

#### B. In the case of Hindu Female dying intestate:

- (i) The property of a female dying intestate shall devolve as under:-
  - (a) firstly, upon the sons and daughters (including the children of any predeceased son or daughter) and the husband;
  - (b) secondly, upon the heirs of the husband;
  - (c) thirdly, upon the mother and father;
  - (d) fourthly, upon the heirs of the father; and
  - (e) lastly, upon the heirs of the mother.
- (ii) Notwithstanding anything contained in Item (i)
  - (a) any property inherited by a female Hindu from her father or mother shall devolve, in the absence of any son or daughter of the deceased (including the children of any predeceased son or daughter) not upon the other heirs referred to in Item (i), but upon the heirs of the father; and

- (b) any property inherited by a female Hindu from her husband or from her father-in-law shall devolve, in the absence of any son or daughter of the deceased (including the children of any predeceased son or daughter) not upon the other heirs referred to in Item (i) but upon the heirs of the husband.
- C. In the case of Hindu Female governed by Marumakathayam or Aliya Santhana Law, the order of succession will be as follows:-
  - (i) firstly, upon the sons and daughters (including the children or any predeceased son or daughter) and the mother.
  - (i) secondly, upon the father and the husband;
  - (ii) thirdly, upon the heirs of the mother.
  - (iii) fourthly upon the heirs of the father; and
  - (iv) lastly, upon the heirs of the husband.

# 2. Legal heirs of person governed by the Indian Succession Act, 1925 (Christians)

- (i) Firstly upon widow/widower and children including children of predeceased son or daughter (lineal descendants). Where the deceased is survived by lineal descendants, widow/widower will get 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of the assets and the balance will be shared by lineal descendants equally.
  - NOTE: In the case of children of predeceased son or daughter the share which the predeceased son or daughter would have inherited will be divided among themselves equally.
- (ii) If the deceased is not survived by lineal descendants, then widow/widower will inherit half of the assets and the balance shall go to the person who are kindred to the deceased in the following order:
  - (a) Father;
  - (b) Mother, Brother, Sister including children of predeceased brother or sister.

#### NOTE:

- 1. Father excludes mother, brothers and sisters
- 2. The rule applicable for inheritance in the case of children of predeceased son or daughter is the same as in the case of children of predeceased brother or sister.

### 3. Legal heirs of Mohammedans:

After the death of the account holder/depositor (whether male or female) son/s become sharer/s alongwith the following. But his/their share will vary depending upon the number of sons/daughters living.

Father - 1/6
 Father's father - 1/6

(In the absence of father)

3. Mother - 1/6 When there are two or more brothers or sisters or even one

brother and one sister of any kind.

1/3 When there is no child or child of a son and not more than one brother

or sister, if any.

4. Mother's mother - 1/6 (In the absence of mother)

5. Widow/Widows - 1/4 When there is no child or child

of a son.

- 1/8 When there is a child or child

of a son.

6. Husband - 1/2 When there is no child or child

of a son.

- 1/4 When there is a child or child

of a son.

7. Daughter - 1/2 (In the absence of a son)

8. Daughters - 2/3 (In the absence of son)

When there is/are son(s) the daughters become residuary. Sons are always entitled to double the amount that the daughters are entitled to get.

Brothers and sisters of the deceased will inherit their shares, only in the absence of father and children.

#### Example:

In the case of a Mohammedan dying leaving behind only a son and a daughter their shares will be as follows:-

(a) Son - 2/3 (b) Daughter - 1/3

#### NOTE:

If the Mohammedan (male or female) depositor dying intestate leaving behind for example the following heirs:

I. (1) Widow (2) Son (3) Daughter

Their shares are determined as below:-

Widow – 1/8 Son - 2/3 of 7/8 Daughter 1/3 of 7/8

Widow - 3/24 Son - 14/24 Daughter 7/24.

II. If the deceased is survived by father, mother, husband, 2 sons and a daughter, their shares will be as follows:-

Father - 
$$1/6$$
 Mother -  $1/6$  Husband -  $1/4$   $1/6 + 1/6 + 1/4 = \frac{2+2+3}{12} = 7/12$ 

The share will be as follows:

Father - 2/12 = 1/6Mother - 2/12 = 1/6Husband - 3/12 = 1/42 Sons - 4/12 = 1/3Daughter - 1/12 = 1/12

III. If the deceased is survived by husband, mother, 2 daughters and one son the following will be the shares:-

Husband - 
$$1/4$$
 Mother -  $1/6$   
 $1/4$  +  $1/6$  =  $3+2/12$  =  $5/12$ 

The shares will be:

Husband - 6/24; Mother - 4/24; Son - 7/24; 2 daughters - 7/24.

# PART - II

### **FORMS**

#### FORM DA 1

Nomination under	Section 45	'ZA' of the	Banking	Regulation A	ct, 1949	and Rule 2(1	) of the	Banking
	Companies	(Nominati	on) Rules	1985 in respe	ect of banl	k deposits.		

person to w	hom in the eve	ent of my our/mi	ames and addressesnor's death the amo an Bank Ltd.Br	ount of the depos	nominate sit, particulars	e the followhere of	owing
]	Details of Dep	osit		Non	ninee		
Nature of deposit	Dist.No	Addl. details, if any	Name	Address	Relationship with depositor if any	Age	If nominee is a minor, date of birth and age.
			e. I/We appoint Shi	(nam	e, address and . to receive th	age) e amoun	t of the
Place :			* Signature	(s) / Thumb imp	ression(s) of de	epositor(s	;)
Name(s), si witness(es)		address(es) of					

Note:

+ Strike out if the nominee if the nominee is not a minor.

Where deposit is made in the name of a minor, the nomination should be signed by a person lawfully entitled to act on behalf of the minor.

@If the party is affixing thumb impression, it should be attested by two witnesses and Manager/Asst. Manager.

NOMINATION CAN BE REGISTERED ONLY IN THE NAME OF ONE PERSON.

# FORM DA 2

Cancellation of nomination under Section 45 ZA of the Banking Regulation Act 1949 and Rule 2(5) of the Banking Companies (Nomination) Rules, 1985 in respect of the Bank Deposits.

I/We	(Name(s) and Address(es)
	reby cancel the nomination made by me / us in favour of (Name and Address)
in respect of	
	(Give details of deposit)
Place :	* Signature(s) / Thumb impression(s) of
Date :	depositor(s)
Name(s), signature(s) and address(es) of witness(es)	
1	the name of a minor, the cancellation of the nomination son lawfully entitled to act on behalf of the minor.
@Thumb impression(s) sl	hall be attested by two witnesses.

### FORM DA 3

Variation	of nominat	ion under Sect	ion 45 ZA of the	Banking Reg	ulation Act 19	949 and	<b>Rule 2(6)</b>
of the	he Banking (	Companies (No	omination) Rules	s, 1985 in resp	ect of the Bar	ık Depo	osits.
I/We				(Nam	e(s) and Addre	ess(es).	
	cancel the no	omination made	by me / us in fav	our of (Name	e and Address)	)	
and he	reby nominat	te the following	g person to whon	n in the event	of my / our /	minor's	s death, the
amount of	f the deposi	it mentioned a	above may be r	returned by	The South In-	dian B	ank Ltd.,
Branch				•••••			
Γ	Details of Dep	osit		Nor	ninee		
Nature of deposit	Dist.No	Addl. details, if any	Name	Address	Relationshi p with depositor if any	Age	If nominee is a minor, date of birth and age.
** A o shoo		minor on this	data L/Wa amai	nt Chui/Smt/V			
			date. I/We appoi				
amount of		on behalf of th	e nominee in the			to	receive the
Place:							
Date:			* Sigr	nature(s) / Thu	mb impression	(s) of d	epositor(s)
Name(s), s	ignature(s) a	nd address(es)	_		-		•
witness(es	) @						
person law ** Strike o @ Thump	fully entitled out if nomined impression(s	to act on behale is not a minor ) shall be attest		es.	omination sho	uld be	signed by a

#### FORM SC I

Nomination under Section 45ZC of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and Rule 3(1) of the Banking Companies (Nomination) Rules, 1985 in respect of articles left in safe custody with banking company

addres event o	s)of my / minor's doelow, may be re	eath the artic	nominat	te the follo	wing person to	whom	 , in the	
	Articles				Nominee			
Nature of Article	Distinguishing Mark orNo		Distinguishing details, if Na	Name	Address	Relationship with depositor if any	Age	If nominee is a minor, date of birth.
	As the nominee is (name, a		ge)					
		f the nomine						
Place	:							
	(s), Signature(s) s(es) @	and address(	es) of	*Sigr	nature / Thump deposito	-	ssion of	
	articles are left in sa awfully entitled to a				e nomination shou	ld be si	gned by a	
	e out if nominee is n							
@ Thur	np impression shall l	oe attested by tw	wo witness	ses.				

# FORM SC 2

Cancellation of Nomination under Section 45 ZC of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and Rule 3(4) of the Banking Companies (Nomination) Rules, 1985 in respect of articles left in safe custody with banking company

I,	
	(name and address)
	in favour of (name and address)
in res <sub>I</sub>	pect of (give details of articles)
Ltd. Br left by me which articles are left in safe custody).	in safe custody with The South Indian Bank ( name and address of branch office / in
Place:	
Date :	*Signature / Thumb impression of depositor
Name/s ,Signature/s and address/es of witness/es @	

@ Thumb impression shall be attested by two witnesses.

<sup>\*</sup> Where articles are left in safe custody in the name of a minor, the cancellation of nomination should be signed by a person lawfully entitled to act on behalf of the minor.

#### FORM SC 3

Variation of Nomination under Section 45 ZC of the Banking Regulation Act 1949 and Rule 3(5) of the Banking Companies (Nomination) Rules, 1985 in respect of articles left in safe custody with Banking company.

		,		<i>'</i>			
	ess)		cancel th	ne nomination m			
	ess)					· · · · · ·	
articles l	and hereby no eft in safe custody	y, particulars v					
	Articles			No	minee		
Nature of Article	Distinguishing Mark orNo	Additional details ,if any	Name	Address	Relationship with depositor if any	Age	If nominee is a minor, date of birth.
name, ad	the nominee is a ldress and age)						
	ent of my / minor				icles on behalf o	of the n	ominee,
Place :				*Signature / ′	Гhumb impressi	on of d	lepositor.
Date:				C	1		1
Name (s) (es). @	), Signature(s) and	d address(es) o	of witness				
	articles are left in y a person lawful				iation of nomina	ition sh	ould be
** Strike	out if nominee is	s not a minor.					
@ Thum	p impression sha	ll be attested b	y two witnesse	es.			

#### FORM SL 1

Nomination under Section 45 ZE of the Banking Regulation Act and Rule 4(1) of the Banking Companies (Nomination) Rules, 1985, by sole hirer in respect of safety locker.

		sa	iety locker.			
I,			(name and	l address)		· • • • •
	nomina		ing parson to w	whom in the a		····
death ,Th	e South Indian I and liberty to r	Bank Limited	, Br		may give acce	ess to
	Locker			Nomine	e	
Nature of	Distiguishing mark or No.	Additional details, if any	Name	Address	Relationship with hirer,if any	Age
Place : Date: Name /s,s	signature/s and a	nddress/es of	witness/es @		nature / Thump ession of hirer	

- \* Where the locker is hired solely in the name of a minor, the nomination should be signed by a person lawfully entitled to act on behalf of the minor.
- @ Thump impression shall be attested by two witnesses.

# Form SL 1A

We,addresses]					[nam	nes and	
	the following per				e death of one	or more of	
may give a	office in which t access to locker a re given below, j	and liberty	to remove c		the locker, par	ticulars	
	Locker		Nominee[s]				
Nature of	Distinguishing mark or number	additional details, if any	Name Address with		Relationship with hirers, if any	Age	
Place:							
Place: Date: of hirers				Signa	ture/Thumb in	npression	

#### FORM SL 2

Cancellation of nomination under Section 45 ZE and 52 of the Banking Regulation Act,1949 and Rule 4(5) of the Banking Companies (Nomination) Rules, 1985 in respect of Safety Locker.

					. hereby cance	el the
respect of	f the safety locker				w.	. 1n
	Locker			Nomine	e/s	
Nature of	Distinguishing mark or No	Additional details, if any	Name	Address	Relationship with hirer/s if any	Age
Place:						
Date :			* Signatus hirer(s).	re(s) / Thum	b Impression(s	) of
Witness/e Name/s:	<u>es:</u> @					
address/e	s:					
Signature	<b>:</b> :					
Note:						
	the locker is hon should be sig					
@ Thum	b impression shot	ıld be attested	d by two witne	sses		

#### FORM SL 3

Variation of nomination under Sections 45 ZE and 52 of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949 and Rule 4(5) of the Banking Companies (Nomination) Rules, 1985 by sole hirer in respect of safety locker

	ancel the nomin	ation made b	y me in favour	of (name and a	ddress)	
	and	d hereby non	ninate the follo	wing person to	whom in the	
vent of my/m	inor's death, Th	ne South Indi	an Bank Limit	ed Br		
				may give	e access to the	
ocker and libe	erty to remove	the contents	of the locker, p	particulars whe	reof are given	
pelow:						
	Locker					
Nature of	Distinguishing mark or No	Additional details, if any	Name	Address	Relationship with hirer/s if any	Age
Place :						
Oate : Name(s), signa	ature(s) and add	ress(es) of	* Signatu	are(s) / Thumb	impression(s) o	of hire
witness(es) @						

#### FORM SL 3A

Compan		ination under section nination) Rules, 19 locker				` '		_
We,addresses	[s]					 [nar	nes and	
cancel	the	nomination(s)	made	by	us	 in	favour	of

[name(s) and address[es]

and hereby nominate the following person[s] to whom in the event of the death of one or more of us

\_\_\_\_\_

[branch/office in which the locker is situated]

may give access to the locker and liberty to remove the contents of the locker, particulars whereof are given below, jointly with the survivor or survivors of us.

Locker			Nominess(s)			
Nature of	Distinguishing mark or number	additional details, if any	Name	Address	Relationship with hirers, if any	Age

Place:				
Date : hirers		Signa	ature/Thumb	impression of
Name[s], signature[s	] and			
address[es] of witnes	ss[es] @			

@thumb impression[s] shall be attested by two witnesses.

## **Application for Deceased claim**

# (To be used for cases other than Nomination / joint account with survivor clause)

From			_				
			_				
	th In	Manager dian Bank	,	1			
Dear Sir	,		Re:	Deceased Late Shri/S Account No	mt		
The		account(s	. He/Sh s)		above acco	ount(s) at yo	on our branch. name
I/We lod credit of legal heil as per ti	ge r the rs of he b	my/our cla above na the above bank's rule	aim for the med dec e named es and c	ne balances eased who deceased a	with accrudied intesta	ed interest ly te. I / we ar y/our claim fo information	m / are the or payment
	1.	Names ir	n full of th	ne parents of	f the deceas	sed:	
Father:_							
Mother:							
	2.	Religion	of the de	ceased:			
	3.	Mother Joint Fa	(vi) Broth mily, the	ners (vii) Sis	iters (viii) Ġ d address	Children (iv) rand Childre of the Karta	n. If Hindu

:2:

Full Name/Address	Occupation	Relationship with Deceased	Age
/;;\			
(iii)			
(iv)			
(v)			
(vi)			
<ol> <li>Name or Names of the Guardian/s of the minor Children of the Depositor         <ul> <li>(a) Whether Natural Guardian</li> <li>(b) Whether Guardian appointed by a Cour of Law in India. If so attach a certified cop or duly attested copy such Order</li> <li>(c) In whose custody the Minor/Minors is / are</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	: : t o, oy y of e :		
5. Claimant/s name/s and address in full	:		
(i) (ii) (iii)			
I/We submit the following certificate to us after verificate		Please return the orig	inal death
1. Death Certific	ate (Original	+ 1 photocopy) is	ssued by:
2. Letter of Indem	nity		
We request you to pay the named deceased to			
I/We hereby solemnly affirm the best of my/our knowledge		statements are true and	d correct to
Place:		Yours faith	ıfully,
Date :		Signature of Clair	mant(s)
(i) Name of Claimant	Address	Signatu	re

## TESTAMENTARY SUCCESSION DECLARATION FORM

I/we, (1)	, S/o,	aged
(2)	, S/o,	aged
years, residing at		
(3),	S/o,	aged
years, residing at		
(legal heirs of late	) do hereby declare and sta	ate as
follows:-		
Sri/Smt	who had executed a Will	dated
died on	We hereby declare that as per the	e Will
the said	has bequeathed his/her bank deposits	s/gold
pledged with the Bank/articles kept in	safe deposit lockers/safe custody in favo	our of
Sri/Smt	We further confirm that the Will	dated
is the last Will execute	ed by the deceased and that no other W	ill or
Codicil or any other documents has	s been executed by the deceased ac	count
holder/depositor in the matter of	of his assets in the form of	Bank
Deposits/accounts/assets lying with the	Bank to his/her credit.	
liable in damages to the Bank in case is stated above is incorrect or false or both Bank relying or depending on the informany payment/release assets, we are liable and also all costs, charges, expenses, class	•	us as of the aking paid
The liability if any arising on account o our legal heirs, executors, administrators	f our giving this letter shall also be bindi s and assigns.	ng on
S	ignature	
Place:		
Date:		

Indemnity format (from legal heirs only)

(To be duly stamped as per the Stamp Act applicable to the State)

# LETTER OF INDEMNITY WITH RESPECT TO PAYMENT OF BALANCE IN THE DECEASED CONSTITUENT'S ACCOUNT WITHOUT PRODUCTION OF <u>LEGAL REPRESENTATION</u>

By the above named on this Day two thousand SIGNED AND DELIVERED by the above named 2 3 3	10					
Insert here the 1)	The South Indian B	ank Ltd.,				
Name(s) of 2)	IN CONSIDERATIO	N of your paying or	agreeing to pay	me/us,		
standing at the credit of Savings Bank/Current/R.D. Account No. e with your bank in the name of Shri/Smt./Kumsince deceased, without production of Letters of Administration or Succession Certificate to his/her estate or a Certificate from the Controller Estate Duly to the effect that estate duly has been paid or will be paid or not is due I/we do hereby for myself/ourselves and my/our heirs, let representatives executors and administrators, jointly and several UNDERTAKE AND AGREE to indemnify you and your successors and assagainst all claims, demands, proceedings, losses, damages, charges are expenses which may be raised against or incurred by you by reasons or consequence of your having agreed to pay/or paying me/us the said sum aforesaid.  SIGNED AND DELIVERED  By the above named on this Day	Name(s) of 2) Claimants 3)					
Succession Certificate to his/her estate or a Certificate from the Controller Estate Duly to the effect that estate duly has been paid or will be paid or not is due I/we do hereby for myself/ourselves and my/our heirs, le representatives executors and administrators, jointly and severa UNDERTAKE AND AGREE to indemnify you and your successors and assagainst all claims, demands, proceedings, losses, damages, charges a expenses which may be raised against or incurred by you by reasons or consequence of your having agreed to pay/or paying me/us the said sum aforesaid.  SIGNED AND DELIVERED  By the above named on this Day	standing at the c	redit of Savings	Bank/Current/R. e of Shri/Smt./Ku	D. Account	No.	etc.
two thousands  SIGNED AND DELIVERED by the above named 2 3 3	Succession Certific Estate Duly to the estate Duly	ate to his/her estate duly frect that estate duly hereby for mysely ecutors and acceptage AGREE to indemnide demands, proceed ay be raised against	e or a Certificate ly has been paid f/ourselves and dministrators, jour ify you and your dings, losses, do st or incurred by	e from the Co or will be pa my/our he pintly and successors a amages, cha y you by rea	ontrolle aid or ne eirs, le sever and ass arges sons o	er of one egal rally sign and or in
the above named 1 3 3	By the above	named on	this		Day	of
1 2 3 4 5 6		VERED by				
4 6	1	2		_ 3		
	4	5		_ 6		

(heirs /claimants of the deceased)

#### **ANNEXURE-4.**

#### **AFFIDAVIT**

We,	(1)			_, So	on/Wife/Daug	hter	of
		aged	vears, o	ccupation			and
resident	of		, (2)				,
Son/Wife/	Daughter (	01		_, aged .	years,	occupa	uon
		,	and		resident		of
	,(	3)		,	Son/Wife/D	Daughter	of
		, aged _	years, o	ccupation		,	and
resident of	f	,	do solemnly aff	firm and sta	ate as follows:	-	
			and declare				
Son/Wife/							
and we are	e his/her on	ly legal heir	rs entitled to suc	eceed to the	e estate of dece	eased.	
Wa also a	onfirm and	dooloro the	t to the best of	our knowlo	dga and baliat	f the said	loto
			died intestate				Tate
			died intestate	t, i.e. with	at executing a	iiiy vv iii.	
					DED	ONIENI	тс
					DEP	ONEN'	13
Solemnly	affirmed	at	on	thic		day	of
			signed before m			uay	OI
	, and the	acponents	,15110a 001010 III	<b>.</b>			

**NOTARY** 

#### (To be duly stamped as per the Stamp Act applicable to the State)

# INDEMNITTY BOND TO BE OBTAINED FROM LEGAL HEIRS OF DECEASED AND TWO SURETIES WHERE THE CLAIM AMOUNT/VALUE EXCEEDS Rs.50000/-.

Know all men by these	presents tha	t I/We (1	)			S/o.
	, aged	about		_ years,	residing	at
		(2)	Sri _			,
S/o	, aged	about		_ years,	residing	at
		(3)	Sri			,
S/o	, aged	l about		_ years,	residing	at
	\					
expression unless repug						
his/her/their heirs,		_				
	S/o			, aged a	ıbout	
years, residing at					$\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ (2)	Sri
	, S/o			, aged	about	
years, residing at						
"Sureties" which express	-	-			-	
include his/her/their heirs						
to The South Indian Ban						
"Bank") in the sum of Rs.	·	(R	upees			
payment to be well and tr	uly made.					
Whereas Sri/Smt			_ had			
total balance of Rs		(Rupe	es			
	• /		_			
(Rupees						
Lockers/Deposited article		•	_			
value of Rs						
		Branch o	of The S	outh Indian	Bank Ltd.	and
whereas the said Sri/Sm	ıt		died	on	lea	ving
behind the legal heirs me	entioned abov	e, and wh	ereas the	e said legal	heirs had	filed
claim application with	The South In	dian Banl	k Ltd. f	or payment	for releas	e of
gold/articles.						
-						

Whereas the Bank has agreed to pay the amounts to the legal heirs without producing succession certificate/letter of administration on the condition that the Bank should be indemnified by all the legal heirs and two sureties against all loss that may be caused to it as a result of payment of the amount to the legal heirs without regular legal representation in the form of succession certificate/letter of administration.

Whereas the Bank has agreed to accept the Bond of the legal heirs and the sureties herein named as sufficient indemnity, now in consideration of the premises, the Executants herein have entered into this Bond.

:2:

time to ti indemnification legal heirs against all	condition of the above written Bon ime, and at all times, hereafter ed by all of us jointly and severally of the deceased Sri/Smt	be kept safe and saved in respect of the payment of as and expenses and demand	harmless and of claim to the aforesaid and
IN WITNI	ESS whereof we		
have hereu	unto set our respective hands this _	day of	20
Place:			
Date:	Sig	natures of the Executants.	
Witness			
Witnesses	:		
1. Signatu	ire :		
Name	:		
Addres	s :		
2. Signatu	ıre :		
Name	:		
Addres	s :		

# **RECEIPT**

Received v	with the	anks from	n The Sc	outh I	ndian	Bar	nk L	td			
branch,	а	sum	of	Rs.					_	(Ru	pees
					only)		by	Banke	r's	Che	eque
No			dated	_				in	favo	our	of
									in	full	and
final settle	ment o	f my/our	claim as	succ	essor	on t	the I	oalance ir			
Account(s)	No(s)			_ sta	ınding	in	the	name of	the o	dece	ased
Shri/Smt/K	um							I/We d	o not	have	any
other claim	from t	he Bank	hencefor	rth.							
Place:											
Date:											
					(	(Sig		re of all th	_		
								Over a re	venue	e star	np)

## **LETTER OF AUTHORITY**

	Date:	
From:		
1.		
2.		
3.		
То		
The Manager, The South Indian Bank Ltd., Branch.		
Dear Sir,		
Sub: Claim in the matter of Assets of	of late Sri/Smt	
I/We, the undersigned, who is/are legal he do hereby authorize Sri/Smt Son/Daughter of who i	residing	 at
deceased, to receive the sum of Rs	(Rupees	
me/us in my/our capacity as legal heir detailed below:-	only), being the amount payable	
Sl. Name and Account Number of No. the Deposit/SDC/SCA/Gold loan		ty.
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
	Contd	2

Coma...

:2:

The payment so made by the Bank shall be fully and completely binding on me/us and shall discharge the Bank from any claim whatsoever from me/us and my/our legal heirs, successors-in-title, assigns, administrators, executors or any other person claiming through me/us or in trust for me/us.

Yours	faithfully,
-------	-------------

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

The executant(s) signed before me.

Signature:

Name and Address of Attesting authority.

# **DECLARATION** in case funds are settled in favour of a Minor

I, father/mother and natural guardian of
hereby certify that the proceeds of your Banker's Cheque No dated
favoring issued by you in settlement of the balance in account
number of Latewill be utilized for the benefit of
the minor only.
Signature
Name :
Father/Mother & Natural Guardian

#### Form of Inventory of Contents of Safe Deposit Locker Hired from The South Indian Bank Ltd. (To be used where there is <u>no</u> nomination or survivorship clause)

located	owing inventory of co in the Safe D	Deposit Vault o	f The	South	Indian		Ltd.,		
* hired	by Shri/Smt		(deceased) in his/her s						
	by Shri/Smt. (i)			(d	leceased	) jointly v	vith		
(iii)									
was tak	en on this	day of			20	·			
Sr. No.	Description of A Deposit I		afe Other Identifying Particulars any						
<ul><li>who p</li><li>by bre (delete</li><li>The about</li></ul>	e purpose of inventor mandated by the legal produced the key to the eaking open the locked whichever is not appove inventory was taken iers to deceased joint	al heirs and the sune locker. In under his/her/the plicable) It was in the presence	rviving h ir instru e of:	nirers		egai nei	r(s)/a		
1. Shri/	Smt								
Address				(Signature)					
Shri/Sn	nt								
Addres	s			(Signatu	re)				
and									
	nt ors of joint hirers			-	(Sign	ature)	_		
Addres	s								

Shri/Smt	:2:
Shri/Smt Survivors of joint hirer(s)	(Signature)
Address	
2. Witness(es) with name, address an	
Shri/Smt.	 (Signature)
Address:	` • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Shri/Smt.	 (Signature)
Address :	
ACKNO	<u>OWLEDGEMENT</u>
* I, Shri/Smt	legal heir/mandate holder
* We, Shri Smt	
	legal heirs and
Shri/Smt.	
	surviving hirers
hereby acknowledge the receipt of the set out in the above inventory together	e contents of the safety locker comprised in and er with a copy of the said inventory.
Shri/Smt(Legal heir/Mandate Holder)	
Shri/Smt.	Signature
Shri/Smt.	Signature
Shri/Smt.	Signature
Date : Place	ce :
(* Delete whichever is not applicable)	

#### FORMAT OF LETTER TO THE NOMINEE

# THE SOUTH INDIAN BANK LTD.

Ref.No:	Date:	
То		
Srr/Smt	-	
	_	
Dear Sir,	-	
SUB:DEP	OSIT A/C.No	WITH US.
We are sorry to learn that Sri/Smt We find that deceased as nominee to his/her aforesaid acc	you have been nor	expired on minated by the said
With a view to settle the claim, we request yregarding the formalities to be complied with		nable us to guide you
Assuring you of our best services always,		
Yours faithfully,		
BRANCH MANAGER		

## **APPLICATION FOR DECEASED CLAIM**

(To be used when account has nomination or is a joint account with survivor clause)

'rom 					
<b>To</b> The Bra The Sou	nch Manager, uth Indian Bank Ltd. Bra				
Dear Si	r,	Re: <b>Deceas</b> <b>Late Sh</b>			<b></b>
The	dvise the demise He account	e/She holds is	the above in	account(s) at	
I, Shri	the registered not the person author Miss above account(s)	esiding at minee in the orized to red	above acco	am  bunt(s).  ent on behalor is the no	If of Master / minee in the
	settle the balance in ment as trustee of t				inee. I receive
B. Ir	n the case of joint	account			
	quest you to delete thur name(s) with same			son and contin	ue the accoun
	omit photocopy of the e original to us after v		ocument(s) to	gether with or	riginals. Please
D lo	eath Certificate issue dentity proof (required	ed by d in nominatio	on cases)		
Place	e:			Υ	ours faithfully
Date	<del>)</del> :				(Claimant(s)]

## **RECEIPT**

## (TO BE OBTAINED FROM THE NOMINEE)

I, Sri/Smt.	, S/o. / D/o aged
	ardian of the minor nominee
hereby acknowledge receipt	
	only) from The South Indian Bank Ltd.,
Bra	anch, being the amount payable in the accounts
mentioned hereunder of the	late as his/her
nominee in full and final settleme	ent of the claims * by substitution of my name to the
deposit account.	
Deposit A/c.No. / Assets.	Amount / Value in Rs.
accounts/assets of the said decease	no further claim against the Bank in respect of sed as nominee and the Bank is fully discharged from me or to any person claiming for or through me ceased depositor(s).
Date:	Revenue Stamp
WITNESSES: (If nominee affixe Thump impression)	s (Signature with name and address of the nominee /
	Guardian of the minor nominee)
1.	
2.	
* Strike out if not applicable.	

### Form of Inventory of Contents of Safe Deposit Locker Hired from The South Indian Bank Ltd. {Section 45ZE (4) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949} (To be used where there is nomination or survivorship clause)

located	in the S	ry of contents of Safe Dep afe Deposit Vault of Branch at	The South	Indian		Ltd.,		
* hired name	by Shri/Smt		(dece	eased) in	his/her	sole		
		)	(	deceased	) jointly \	with		
(iii)								
was tak	en on this	day of		20	·			
Sr. No.		on of Articles in Safe eposit Locker	Other Identify	· Identifying Particulars, if any				
survivir • who p • by bre (delete	ng hirers roduced the ke eaking open the e whichever is	ventory, access to the loc ey to the locker. e locker under his/her/the not applicable) was taken in the presence	ir instructions.	o the Nom	inee/ ar	id the		
1. Shri/	Smt	(Non	ninee)					
Addres	s	(Signat	ure)					
Shri/Sr	mt	(Nomir	nee)					
Addres	s	(Signatu	re)					
and								
	nt ors of joint hire	rs		(Sign	ature)	_		
Addres	s							

Shri/Smt.	:2:	
Survivors of joint hirer(s)		(Signature)
Address		
2. Witness(es) with name, addr	ess and signature	e:
Shri/Smt		<del></del>
Address:		(Signature) —
Shri/Smt.		(Signature)
Address :		
<u> </u>	ACKNOWLEDGE	<u>MENT</u>
* I, Shri/Smt.		(Nominee)
* We, Shri Smt		(Nominee),
Shri/Smt.	the survivors of	and Shri/Smt the joint hirers, hereby acknowledge
	e Safe Deposit L	ocker comprised in and set out in the
Shri/Smt(Survivor)	(Nominee)	Shri/Smt
Signature		Signature
Place	_ Date	
(Survivor)		Shri/Smt
		Signature
		Date:
Place :		

#### NOTE:

It is made clear that access to locker is given to survivor(s)/nominee(s) only as a trustee of the legal heirs of deceased locker hirer on the condition that such access if given to survivor(s)/nominee(s) shall not affect the right or claim which any person may have against the survivor(s)/nominee(s) to whom the access is given.

## Form of Inventory of articles left in Safe Custody with The South Indian Bank Ltd. {Section 45ZC (3) of the Banking Regulation Act, 1949} (To be used where there is nomination or survivorship clause)

The	following	inventory	of	articles	left	in	Safe	Custody	with	
(dece	eased) unde	South Indian er an agreer da	nent	receipt da	ated _			was	taken	
Sr. No.	Descrip	Description of Articles in Safe Custody				Other Identifying Particulars, if any				
The a	above inven	tory was tak	en ir	the prese	ence of	f:				
1. Sh	ri/Smt			1)	Nomin	ee) _				
	(Appointed	on behalf of	mino	or nomine	e)					
Signa	ature									
Signa	ature									
		e) hereby a							behalf d and	
Shri/S	Smt					_ (N	ominee)	)		
Signa	ature									
Date:				Place :						

: 2 :

Shri/Smt. \_\_\_\_\_\_(Appointed on behalf of minor Nominee)

Signature \_\_\_\_\_\_

Date : Place:

#### Note:

It is made clear that access to safe custody articles is given to survivor(s)/nominee(s) only as a trustee of the legal heirs of deceased depositor of safe custody articles on the condition that such access if given to survivor(s)/nominee(s) shall not affect the right or claim which any person may have against the survivor(s)/nominee(s) to whom the access is given.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

* I, Shri/Smt		(Nominee)
,	ne receipt of the articles a copy of the said inve	s comprised in and set out in the above ntory.
Shri/Smt.	(Nomine	<del>)</del> )
Signature		
Place	Date	

### Form of Inventory of Contents of Safe Custody with The South Indian Bank Ltd. (To be used where there is <u>NO</u> nomination or survivorship clause)

The	following	inventory	of	articles	left	in	Safe	Custo	dy	with
Branch			(	(deceased)	under	an	agreem	nent/rece	ipt d	dated
	_ was taker	on this		d	ay of			2	:0	<del>-</del>
Sr. No.	Description of Articles in Safe Custody			Other Identifying Particulars, if any						
The above inventory was taken in the presence of:  Legal hiers or a person mandated by legal heirs  1. Shri/Smt										
Addres	ss				1	(Sig	nature)			
2. Shri	i/Smt									
Addres	ss				(	Sigr	nature)			
2. Witness(es) with name, address and signature:										
Shri	i/Smt									
Add	lress:						(Signatu	ıre)		
Shri/Sr	nt						/C:a:==1:			
Addres	ss:						(Signatu	іге)		

:2:

## **ACKNOWLEDGEMENT**

* I, Shri/Smt	legal he	eir/mandate holder
* We, Shri Smt		
Chri/Cont		legal heirs and
	eceipt of the articles comprised a	surviving hirers
inventory together with a co		
Shri/Smt(Legal heir/Mandate Holder)	)	
Shri/Smt.	Signature	
Shri/Smt.	Signature	
Shri/Smt.	Signature	
Date :	Place :	
(* Delete whichever is not a	pplicable)	